

# The Cromwell Argus

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

No. 197, Vol. IV.]

CROMWELL, OTAGO, N.Z.: TUESDAY, AUGUST 19, 1873.

[Price 6d.]

## Cromwell Advertisements

### BELFAST STORE, CLYDE AND CROMWELL.

WINES, SPIRITS, GROCERIES, HARD-WARE, COLONIAL PRODUCE,  
&c. &c. &c.

#### JAMES HAZLETT

Begs to inform the Public of the Dunstan District that, in connection with his established business of ten years at Clyde, he has opened EXTENSIVE PREMISES AT CROMWELL, where he will be able to supply the Trade, Run-holders, Farmers, and Private Families, with EVERY CLASS OF GOODS, of the very best description, at the lowest current rates.

JAMES HAZLETT would particularly mention that in the FLOUR & COLONIAL PRODUCE BUSINESS he can defy competition, as in that line he is in connection with Messrs WHITTINGHAM BROTHERS, of Queenstown, who are the largest buyers in the Lake District.

J. HAZLETT, being a CASH BUYER in the Dunedin and Melbourne Markets, feels confident he can sell the cheapest and best article in the District, and invites a visit from Purchasers.

Note the address:

JAMES HAZLETT,  
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.

#### KARL PRETSCH,

COACH & GENERAL PAINTER,  
etc.,

Has now PAPERHANGINGS, PAINTS of every description, GLASS, and MOULDINGS, on Sale at Low Prices.

Contracts undertaken for General Painting, Decoration, and Sign Writing.

Buggies and Vehicles of every description painted in the best style.

Colours Prepared in any Shade required

Address: Next door but one to MARSH'S BRIDGE HOTEL, CROMWELL.

#### THOMAS FOOTE,

TAILOR AND CLOTHIER,  
MELMORE TERRACE,

CROMWELL.

Ladies' Riding Habits made to order.

BEFORE purchasing your WATCHES, CLOCKS, and JEWELLERY, call on

### E. MURRELL,

and inspect his CHOICE STOCK of the above articles.

As all his Watches and Clocks are TAKEN TO PIECES, CLEANED, and ADJUSTED before they are delivered, Customers may depend on getting an article that will give satisfaction.

All kinds of WATCHES, CLOCKS, and MUSICAL BOXES cleaned and repaired.

Jewellery made and repaired.—Pipes mounted.

Observe the address:

NEXT MARSH'S BRIDGE HOTEL.

### D. MACKELLAR,

ACCOUNTANT and

GENERAL AGENT.

Manager of { Star of the East Quartz Mining Company, Registered;  
Colleen Bawn Quartz Mining Company, Registered;  
Kawarau Bridge Company (Messrs M'Connick, Grant, & Richards).

AGENT for { The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Company.

Office: Melmore-street, Cromwell.

Mechanical Drawings furnished.—Specifications prepared.

## Cromwell Advertisements

### BUCHAN BROTHERS, (Late of Dunedin),

GENERAL BLACKSMITHS AND FARRIERS, Beg to inform the inhabitants of Cromwell and the surrounding district that they have COMMENCED BUSINESS in the premises lately occupied by WM. BARNES, and adjoining Heron's White Hart Hotel, where they are prepared to execute, at current rates, all branches of the above, including Repairs and Turnings in all kinds of Mining Machinery. By strict attention to business, combined with the supply of a good article, BUCHAN BROTHERS hope to earn a share of public patronage.

Cromwell, 10th February, 1873.

#### STARKEY'S

### KAWARAU HOTEL, CROMWELL.

Having purchased the above well-known hotel from Mr BASTINGS, G. M. STARKEY begs to inform his numerous friends, and the public generally, that it will be his study to maintain the high reputation the KAWARAU HOTEL has long since acquired for comfort.

Wines and Spirits of the very best quality.

An efficient Groom always in attendance.

### MR LAKE, SURGEON,

May be consulted at his Residence, west end of

MELMORE-STREET,

(Premises lately occupied by Mr Goodger).

## LEGAL NOTICE.

#### MR H. C. BREWER,

Barrister, Solicitor, and Conveyancer,  
of Clyde,

will attend regularly the Resident Magistrate's and Warden's Court held at Cromwell.

Mr H. C. BREWER further gives notice that it is his intention to visit Cromwell every TUESDAY. Clients desirous of obtaining legal advice and assistance can consult Mr Brewer at STARKEY'S HOTEL between the hours of 11 a.m. and 2.30 p.m.



### CROMWELL BUTCHERY (WHOLESALE AND RETAIL),

OWEN PIERCE - PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Meat of all descriptions always on hand, and sold at the Lowest Prices.



### FREE TRADE BUTCHERY, (Wholesale and Retail).

JAMES DAWKINS - PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Beef, Mutton, Veal, Pork, Hams, Bacon, &c., always on hand.

\* Meat delivered at Town Prices throughout the district.

BEEF, BY THE QUARTER, 3d per lb.

### F. SANSON, SADDLER AND HARNESS-MAKER,

Begs to inform the public that he is carrying on business at the Premises lately occupied by Mr Raven, in Cromwell, and trusts, by strict attention and moderate charges, to merit the public patronage.

Collars, Pack-saddles, and Harness of every description made on the premises.

Repairs done on the shortest notice.

## Cromwell Advertisement

### I. HALLENSTEIN and Co., GENERAL IMPORTERS,

CROMWELL, QUEENSTOWN, ARROWTOWN, & MELBOURNE.

WE have much pleasure in calling the attention of the inhabitants generally to our Large Stock, as enumerated in this advertisement. It does not detail all the articles we keep, for to do so would be almost impossible. We have endeavoured to enumerate all the principal articles of each class; but every want necessary in a Mining, Agricultural, and Pastoral community can be supplied.

All our purchases being for cash, we thus possess an advantage that few are able to avail themselves of.

We therefore respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage hitherto bestowed, with the conviction that all orders entrusted to our care will be promptly executed, and the articles found to be of good value.

**Drapery.**—The attention of Ladies is respectfully directed to this Department. It will be found replete with all the latest novelties from the Melbourne markets, and arrangements have been made for regular shipments per each steamer. Dresses, in silks, fancy and black; alpaca, challies, mohairs, wineys, muslins, prints, coburgs Shawls, all-wool plaids, French merinos, skirtings, jackets, &c. Hosiery, gloves, handkerchiefs, laces, trimmings of all kinds Ladies' and Children's Underclothing.—Our stock will be found the largest and best-assorted on the Gold-fields.

Ladies' and Children's Hats, trimmed and untrimmed Feathers, flowers, corsets, chignons, &c.

A large assortment of white and coloured flannels, serge and cricketing; calicoes and sheetings; and every other article required in the trade.

**Slop Department.**—Men's Suits, Paget and sac; boys' ditto, Leopold, Stanley, sac, and knickerbocker; Trousers and vests, all kinds

Trousers, in silk mixture, doeskin, tweed, cotton, Bedford cord, and moleskin

Shirts—white dress, regatta, Crimean, serge, Scotch twill, tweed, and jain

Pants and under-shirts, in flannel, lambswool, serge, merino, and cotton

Men's and boys' Hosiery, of all kinds

Hats—straw, merino, tweed, silk-stitched, felt, and plush, in all the latest shapes

Waterproof coats, overalls, leggings and son'-westers; monkey jackets and pilot coats

All the above Goods are to our special order.

**Boots and Shoes.**—A splendid assortment, consisting of: Ladies', girls', and children's boots, in kid, cashmere, morocco, and leather

Slippers—canvas, patent leather (plain and fur-trimmed), sheepskin, and carpet

Men's and boys' boots—elastic-side, Balmoral, Blucher, Wellington, half-Wellington, and riding boots; Colonial water-tights, made to our order in Melbourne

Gum boots—Hayward's North British and Liverpool; Hardy's nuggets.

**Groceries and Provisions.**—Teas, coffees, sugars, candles, soaps, raisins, salmon, &c. &c.

**Wines and Spirits.**—Brandy, rum, whisky, gin; port, sherry; light wines; bitters.

**Ironmongery, Mining Tools, and Agricultural Implements.**—Anvils, axes, augers, adzes,

balances, bells, bags, blacking, brushes (all kinds), baking-dishes, billies, braces and bits,

black-lead, bellows, boilers, bedsteads, bolts, blocks, candlesticks, chains (various), candle-monks, colanders, compasses, chisels, coal-scuttles, scoop and vase; corkscrews, coffin furniture, cash-boxes, door-scrappers, drippers, egg-whisks, slice and cups; fuse, frying-pans, funnels, files, fenders and fire-irons, fish-hooks, gimblets, grindstones, graters,

glue, gridirons, gold-blowers, dishes and sieves, grates, gads, guns, glue-pots, hammers (all kinds), hoes, jelly-moulds, knives, a large assortment; knives and forks, knife-boards,

kettles, lanterns, locks, lullies, milk dishes, cans, strainers, sieves, and yokes; measuring tapes, mops, mallets, nails of every kind, pitch, picks, pumps, powder, pincers, piping,

ploughs, quoits, quicksilver, rules, rope, resin, rivets, rasps, rakes, ship scrapers, sickles and hats, sloop-pails, saws of all kinds, sieves, seaming twine, sponges, scoops, sheep-shears, saucepans, shovels and spades, spirit-levels, soldering-irons, solder, spokeshaves,

shot, steel-yards, scales, screws, staples, stewpans, teapots, trowels, tar, tacks, tubs, trowsers, vices, waiters, washing boards and powder, window furniture of all kinds, writing cases, zinc, &c. &c.

**Timber and Building Materials.**—Shelving, 12 and 14 inches wide; T. and G. lumber

T. and G. Scotch Flooring, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14 inch; beaded and plain match lining

Quartering, American hardwood, 3 x 1, 3 x 1 1/2, 3 x 2, 4 x 3, 4 x 6; mouldings, various sizes

Galvanised and painted iron, all sizes; rolled zinc, spouting, brackets, down-piping heads

Screws, nails, locks, hinges, and bolts; doors, glass, raised panel, and plain sashes, all sizes.

**Paints, Paperhangings, Oils.**—Paints of all kinds; white and red lead; black, green, blue, umbre, ochre, &c.; Oils—raw, boiled, colza, olive, turpentine, &c.; oak and copal

varnish, asphaltum, oak-stain, knotting

Paperhangings—a large assortment of drawing-room, sitting-room, bed-room, hall, passage, and ceiling, various; borderings, all kinds.

**Tinware** of every description, a large assortment, all kinds.

**Kitchen Utensils.**—Stoves, boilers, saucepans, kettles, &c.

**Crockery.**—a large and well-assorted department.

**Lamps, Glassware, Kerosene, Lampware.**—large assortment.

**Furniture, Bedding, &c.**—Bedsteads: an assortment of French and stump double, single, and children's bedsteads and cots

Chairs: Ladies, Florence, Lincoln, Fillimore, dining, American wood, spring hair, rocking; easy-chairs, in hair, cane, and wood

Commodore, cheffoniers, children's high and low chairs, cane and wood; chests of drawers

Tables: round and square, dining, loo, and dressing, various

Washstands, in cedar and walnut; towel-horses, mahogany, cedar, turned and plain

Sofas, a large assortment, colonial made, with or without backs, pillows, and cushions

Mattresses: feather, hair, flock, fibre, any size; pillows and bolsters, do. do. do.

**Leather.**—Crop, kip, calf, kangaroo, &c., from the Tannery of Michaelis, Hallenstein, and Co

**Grindery.**—a large assortment.

**Tobacco and Cigars.**—Being direct importers of these goods, buyers can always depend on getting a first-class article.

Tobacco: fancy and aromatic, silver coil, Atlantic cable, old sport, navy, fives, sixes, tens, imperial ruby, gold bar; dark aromatic—tens, basiful lover, little sunshade, monster; Barrett's twist and cut tobaccos; snuff

Cigars: Trabucos, Havanah, Princess, and Swiss.

**Stationery and Books.**—Account-books, all sizes and bindings; minute-books, bill-files, blotting-paper, memo. books, copying letter-books, copy and exercise books, date-cases,

envelopes, all kinds and sizes; elastic bands, foolscap (plain and ruled), gum mangle, ink of all kinds; inkstands, a large variety; letter balances, clips, and files; pass-books

Note and letter paper, white, blue, and mourning; pens of all kinds, pencils, playing-cards, pocket-books, purses, slates, albums, rulers, sealing-wax, tissue-paper, all colours; desks

Books: an assortment of family and pocket Bibles, church services, and prayer-books

Poetical Works of Byron, Moore, Scott, Burns, Milton, Cowper, Cook, Campbell, Longfellow.

Gift books; dictionaries—French, Latin, German, and English; geographies, arithmetics.

**Fancy Goods.**—A large, choice, and varied assortment.

**Patent Medicines.**—Large assortment; also, a variety of Horse Medicines.

**Perfumery.**—"from every flower that breathes a fragrance."

**Saddlery.**—This department will be found very complete, as all goods are manufactured expressly for us by Alston, of Melbourne.

Bridles, with or without bits; a large assortment of ladies' and gentlemen's, double and single rein, Pelham and snaffle; all prices.

Curry-combs and brushes of all kinds; halters; hobbles, various.

Saddles, ladies' and gentlemen's; demy, stock, green hile, and all over bogskin; various prices.

Saddle-cloths, kersey, felt; saddle-girths, leather, web; saddle straps, spurs of all kinds; valises, martingales and breastplates, various; stirrup leathers, ladies' slippers and stirrup leathers, cruppers, bits, burnisters, headstalls, ladies' worked saddle-cloths.

Spring cart harness complete, dray harness complete, leading sets complete.

Pack saddles, straps, needles, buckles, hump knives.

Whips, a large variety; jockey whips, silver mounted, green hile; ladies' twigs, various kinds; buggy whips, cart whips, all sizes; stockwhips and handles, thongs of all kinds.

**Produce.**—Agents for Robertson and Hallenstein, Brunswick Flour Mills, Lake Wakatipu. We have for sale their silk-dressed Flour, (equal to A. & Co.); pollard, bran, oats, wheat, barley, chaff. Garden seeds in great variety.

**Sundries.**—Tents, tarpaulins, Mailla rope, hose canvas, horse-covers, wheelbarrows, hose-directors, brushware, camp and colonial ovens, candles, lime, &c. &c. &c.

## Cromwell

## VICTORIA STORE, CROMWELL.

**I. WRIGHT,**  
DRAPER, CLOTHIER, HOSIER,  
HABERDASHER, AND  
GENERAL STOREKEEPER.

I. WRIGHT is now offering an assortment of  
NEW and CHEAP GOODS, in  
DRESS MATERIALS—Prints, Winceys, Alpacs,  
all-wool Plaids, French Merinos, &c.  
Calicoes, Flannels, Blankets, Quilts  
Toilet Covers, Matting and Drugging  
Ladies and Children's Underclothing—  
BABY LINEN.

Also, a well-selected stock of  
Women and Children's Boots and Shoes, in  
leather, kid, and cashmere  
Ladies and Children's Hats, trimmed and un-  
trimmed  
Ironmongery, Glass, Crockery  
Patent Medicines, Fancy Goods  
Toys, Jewellery, Cutlery, Stationery  
Perfumery, Musical Instruments  
Berlin and other Wools  
Paperhangings, Brushware  
Tobacco and Cigars  
and other Goods too numerous to mention.

NEWSAGENT.



**DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.,**  
WHOLESALE  
AND  
RETAIL  
FAMILY GROCERS,  
AND  
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

D. A. JOLLY & CO. desire to return thanks  
to the people of Cromwell and the surrounding  
districts for the liberal encouragement they have  
received since opening the above establishment;  
and as they intend devoting their attention exclu-  
sively to the Grocery and Wine and Spirit trade,  
they confidently hope, from their connection in  
Dunedin, to be able to place before the public  
a genuine class of goods, well and carefully  
selected, at prices that cannot fail to give general  
satisfaction. They would respectfully invite at-  
tention more especially to the following articles  
in stock—

Teas of excellent flavor, in chests, half-chests,  
and boxes  
Coffee not to be surpassed in quality  
Cocoa and Chocolate of the best brands  
Sugar—crystals and crushed loaf  
Raisins—Muscatel, Sultan, and Eleme  
Jams, Jellies, Pickles, and Sauces  
Bacon, Cheese, and Butter of prime quality  
Tobacco—Imperial Ruby Twist, Barrett's  
Twist, Old Sport, andromatic  
Oils—Salad, Castor, and Kerosene  
Candles of the best brands  
Soaps—Blue Mottled, Yellow, and Scented in  
bars and cakes, &c., &c.

GRAIN.  
Wakatip Oats, Wheat, and Chaff  
SPIRITS.  
Islay Whisky—Arbeg's and Long Jones'  
Hennessy's and Martell's Brandy, in bulk  
and case  
J.D.K.Z. Geneva  
Burnett's Old Tom  
Lemon Hart's Rum in bulk  
Porter—Blood's, Byass's, and Guinness's  
CORDIALS.  
Ginger Wine, Raspberry Vinegar, Peppermint,  
Lemon Syrup, &c., &c.  
Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla

Families waited on for orders, and goods deli-  
vered in all parts of the district at Cromwell  
prices.

**DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.,**  
HAVING RECEIVED A NEW AND SELECT  
ASSORTMENT OF  
**IRONMONGERY**

Beg to call public attention to the following:—

Blasting  
Powder and  
Fuse; Long and  
Short handle Shovels;  
Picks, Pick Handles, and  
Sluice Forks; Pannikins, Gold  
Dishes, Billies; Galvanised Iron  
Buckets; American Tubs, Buckets, and  
Brooms; Axes and Handles; Manila Rope  
for mining purposes; Drilling Hammers and  
Handles; White Lead; Castor Oil in bulk;  
Washing-boards; Brushware of every  
description; Nails; Canvas; Hose  
Pipes.—Contracts undertaken  
for supplying Mining Co.'s  
with Material of all  
kinds, on liberal  
terms. Free  
delivery

**DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.'S**  
**DEPOT FOR MINING TOOLS,**  
CROMWELL.

## Cromwell

## SHAMROCK STORE,

CROMWELL.

**WILLIAM SHANLY,**  
FAMILY GROCER,  
GENERAL STOREKEEPER,

is carrying on business at the old-established  
premises, next to the Bank of New South Wales,  
Melmore-street.

*The BEST QUALITY of GOODS only  
is kept in stock.*

All orders will meet with prompt attention.

## PRIVATE SCHOOL, CROMWELL.

MRS RHIND,

(Late Resident Governess at the Girls' Provincial  
High School),

Will be prepared, on and after MONDAY, 14th  
instant, to receive DAY SCHOLARS at her  
Residence, near Cromwell Bridge.

The course of instruction will comprise all the  
ordinary branches; the Languages, ancient and  
modern, if desired; Music and Singing; Plain  
and Fancy Needlework, &c.

A YOUNG LADIES' EVENING CLASS  
Will be formed for teaching Fancywork, Sewing,  
and other useful accomplishments.

Terms may be ascertained on application.

**CROMWELL TIMBER & IRON YARD,**  
LATE MR GRANT'S  
NEW ZEALAND & AMERICAN TIMBER YARD.

JAMES TAYLOR,

Carpenter and Builder, Ironmonger,



Has FOR SALE all kinds of Building Material  
suitable for the district.

Estimates given for Buildings at the LOWEST  
PRICES compatible with Good Material and  
Workmanship.

Punctuality and attention to all orders may  
be relied on.

A Large Assortment of Paperhangings  
Paints, Glass, FURNITURE—comprising Chairs  
Tables, Washstands, Iron Bedsteads, &c.

Building Ironmongery, Carpenters' and Miners'  
Tools, Hemp, Wire, and Manila Rope,  
SADDLERY, &c., cheap.

**JUNCTION BAKERY**  
CROMWELL.

C. W. WRIGHT,

BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER.

Bread Delivered in all Parts of the  
District.



## THE CROMWELL BAKERY,

J. SCOTT,

BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER,

Melmore-street, Cromwell.

Families waited on for orders, and Bread  
regularly delivered in all parts of the district.

**CHARLES COLCLOUGH,**  
SHAREBROKER, COMMISSION  
AGENT,  
ARBITRATOR, AND ACCOUNTANT,  
CROMWELL.

Having arranged to devote my time exclusively  
to these occupations, business entrusted to  
my care will receive every attention.

Agent for the New Zealand Fire Insurance  
Company.

**MIDWIFERY.**—Mrs C. THOMSON,  
late of Aberdeen and Dunedin, begs to  
give notice that, having arrived in Cromwell,  
she is prepared to practise in the above profes-  
sion. Mrs Thomson has a diploma from Aber-  
deen, and has had an EXPERIENCE OF NINETEEN  
YEARS.

Residence, at Mr JOHN HAYES', West End,  
Cromwell.

## Cromwell

## Cromwell Veterinary Shoeing Forge,

Next door to Kidd's Cromwell Hotel.

**EDWARD LINDSAY,**  
(Late of Clyde and Melbourne),  
GENERAL BLACKSMITH, FARRIER, AND  
MACHINIST.

Begs to intimate to his customers and the gen-  
eral public that he has REMOVED to his NEW  
PREMISES, next to the Cromwell Hotel, Mel-  
more Terrace, where he will carry on every ac-  
scription of Blacksmith work and Farriery as  
heretofore.

E. LINDSAY begs to intimate to the Public  
generally that he has gone to the expense of get-  
ting a CAST-IRON BED for TIRING WHEELS on a new  
principle, being the first introduced up-country,  
which he will guarantee to give general satisfac-  
tion; also, that he has made a reduction in the  
price of Horse-shoeing.

LIGHT SHOES 12s.  
DRAGGHT 17s.

**EDWARD LINDSAY,**  
Veterinary Shoeing Forge.

**J. C. CHAPPLE,**  
AUCTIONEER.

Any orders for Sales in the Cromwell District  
may be left at the ARGUS Office, and will meet  
with prompt attention.

## CROMWELL PUBLIC LIBRARY.

The Reading-room is open to Subscribers on  
Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays.

The Library contains an extensive variety of  
Books in every department of literature; and  
about £40 worth of New Works is expected to  
arrive shortly from Great Britain.

All the Provincial Newspapers, and a number  
of English Papers and Periodicals, are regularly  
received for the use of Subscribers.

Annual Subscription, £1 1s; Half-Yearly  
12s 6d; Quarterly, 7s 6d.

**MR H. W. SMYTHIES,**  
MINING SURVEYOR AND AGENT.

Legal Managership & REGISTRATION  
of Companies undertaken.

Office: Town Hall, Cromwell.

NOTICE.  
**POISON for DOGS** will be laid on  
MOUNT PISA STATION on and after this  
date. I. LOUGHNAN.  
Mount Pisa, 12th May 1870.—27th

**GROCERIES, WINES & SPIRITS,**  
IRONMONGERY &  
BUILDING MATERIALS,  
DRAPERY, CLOTHING, BOOTS,  
&c. &c.

Our Melbourne firm, Messrs MICHAELIS, HAL-  
LENSTEIN and Co., having recently opened a  
place of business in London, we have made ar-  
rangements with them to import most of our  
goods direct from Home, and are now in a posi-  
tion to supply this market with all goods bearing  
a profit on first cost only, thus saving the profit  
hitherto paid to importers.

STOREKEEPERS & WHOLESALE AND  
RETAIL BUYERS

will therefore be able to purchase cheaper from  
us than in Dunedin or elsewhere, besides having  
the advantage of being able to select their goods  
on the spot from one of the largest stocks on the  
gold-fields, (for particulars of which see our ge-  
neral advertisement.)

I. HALLENSTEIN &amp; CO.

Cromwell, March 1873.

NOTICE.  
WE, the undersigned, beg to inform the  
inhabitants of the Cromwell, Alexandra,  
and Clyde districts that we have appointed

I. Hallenstein and Co., Cromwell,

As our only AGENTS for the sale of our Silk-  
dressed

FLOUR, BRAN, AND POLLARD.

We guarantee all Flour branded with our  
name, and obtained through the above agents.

ROBERTSON &amp; HALLENSTEIN,

Brunswick Flour Mills,

LAKE WAKATIP.

## Kawarau Gorge.

## SLUICERS' ARMS HOTEL,

KAWARAU GORGE.

The Proprietor of the above old-established  
hotel begs to acquaint his friends and the public  
that he can now offer comfortable accommoda-  
tion to all classes of customers.



The attention of Owners and Trainers is called  
to the fact that the STABLES attached to the  
SLUICERS' ARMS contain Eight Large LOOSE-  
BOXES, thus affording unrivalled accommoda-  
tion for RACEHORSES. The Stables being  
situated within a short distance of the Cromwell  
Race-course, those intending to enter horses for  
the forthcoming Races should make early appli-  
cation to the Proprietor. Terms reasonable.

ANDERS OLSON.

## Bannockburn &amp; Carrick Range

## STUART'S FERRY,

KAWARAU RIVER.



Main crossing-place between Cromwell and  
the Nevis for Waggon, Drays, Horses, and  
Foot passengers.

Children attending School, Free.

## THE FERRY HOTEL

Has first-class accommodation for Travellers.

## BANNOCKBURN HOTEL &amp; STORE,

DOCTOR'S FLAT, BANNOCKBURN.

(On the Main Road to the Nevis).

GROCERIES, CLOTHING, BOOTS, and HOUSE-

HOLD REQUISITES of all descriptions  
kept in Stock.

The Goods, being obtained DIRECT from  
Dunedin, are retailed at the LOWEST POS-  
SIBLE PRICES.

N.B.—Good Stabling, Horse Feed, &amp;c.

JOHN RICHARDS, PROPRIETOR.

## BANNOCKBURN TIMBER YARD

AND CARPENTER'S SHOP.

JAMES TAYLOR,

CROMWELL TIMBER AND IRON YARD,  
BEGS to inform the Residents of BANNOCKBURN,  
NEVIS, POTTERS, &c., that in order to meet the  
increasing requirements of those districts, he  
has opened a Branch Establishment at Doctor's  
Flat, opposite Mr Richards' Store.

A good supply of TIMBER and IRON for  
Building and Mining purposes always on hand.

Best Material and Workmanship Cheap for Cash.

**WILLIAM SUTHERLAND & CO.,**  
(Late of Logantown),

GENERAL BLACKSMITHS &amp; FARRIERS,

Beg to intimate to Mining Companies and the  
public generally that they have removed to  
QUARTZVILLE, next to HAZLETT'S Carrick  
Range Hotel, where they hope, by strict atten-  
tion to business and reasonable charges, to merit  
a share of their patronage.

**CARRICK RANGE HOTEL,**  
QUARTZVILLE.

**CHARLES PEAKE,**  
Proprietor.

The Proprietor, having recently purchased the  
above well-known and centrally-situated Hotel,  
is now in a position to offer first-class accommo-  
dation to all who may favour him with their  
patronage.

The Premises are fitted up and furnished on  
the most complete scale, and the arrangements  
for the comfort of visitors and travellers are  
second to none in the district.

COMMODIOUS BILLIARD ROOM,  
fitted with one of Julius Paser's full-sized tables.

AN EXCELLENT SIX-STALLED STABLE,  
with careful groom always in attendance.

153 CHARLES PEAKE.

Arrowtown

**R. PRITCHARD,**  
Wholesale and Retail Storekeeper,  
WINE, SPIRIT, AND PROVISION MERCHANT,  
ARROWTOWN.

The largest and best-assorted stock of Wines, Spirits, Groceries, and Provisions in the district. A well-assorted stock of Boots and Shoes, Drapery, &c.

Agent for  
**T. ROBINSON & Co.,**  
Agricultural Implement Manufacturers,  
Dunedin and Melbourne.

Queenstown

**THE** Right Man in the Right Place.  
**W. J. BARRY**  
AT THE  
**PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL,**  
QUEENSTOWN.

The accommodation at the PRINCE OF WALES is unsurpassed. New rooms have lately been erected for private families; and visitors may depend upon every convenience and comfort, combined with moderate charges.

**HOT DRINKS.**  
Hot Purl; hot spiced Ale and Porter; Coffee Royal; hot Coffee and Milk. Steamer always going.

**PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL,**  
Corner of Beach and Rees Streets,  
QUEENSTOWN.

In connection with the above, W. J. BARRY, Jun., begs to announce that he has taken  
**THE STABLES**  
in connection with the Hotel, and assures those who may favour him with their patronage that horses will be well and properly cared for.

**LIVERY:** 6s. per night.  
Horses on hire, 10s per day. W. J. B., jun., would call attention to the fact that he keeps a numerous and first-class stud for hiring purposes: consisting of saddle horses, ladies' hacks, and light draught horses. Side-saddles and buggies always on hand.  
English Grass Paddocks for Horses.

**ROBERT BOYNE,**  
**GENERAL STOREKEEPER**  
AND NEWS AGENT,  
Queenstown, Lake Wakatipu.

A large stock of Groceries and other goods always on hand. Importer of English and Colonial Newspapers. Orders punctually attended to, and newspapers forwarded to any part of the district.

Agent for the CROMWELL ARGUS.

Clyde

**MEDICAL HALL, CLYDE.**  
**LOUIS HOTOP,**  
**CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST,**  
SUNDERLAND-ST., CLYDE.

Prescriptions carefully prepared.

**BOOKSELLER, STATIONER, AND NEWS VENDER.**  
Importer of English, Foreign, and Colonial Newspapers and Magazines.  
Libraries and Magazine Clubs supplied at a small advance upon English prices.

Alexandra

**MANUHERIKIA BREWERY,**  
ALEXANDRA.

**THEYERS & BECK** beg to announce that they are prepared to supply their **SPARKLING XXXX ALES** in any quantity.  
Delivered free of cartage within twenty miles.  
Orders left with  
Mr THEYERS, Alexandra;  
Mr C. P. BECK, Clyde;  
or at the Brewery, will be promptly attended to.

**THEYERS AND BECK,**  
BREWERS,  
ALEXANDRA.

Luggate

**ALBION HOTEL AND STORE,**  
LUGGATE,  
28 miles from Cromwell, on the main road to Lake Wanaka).

**H. MAIDMAN** ..... Proprietor.

This well-known Hotel possesses every accommodation for the comfort and convenience of travellers.

Groceries, Clothing, Drapery, Ironmongery, Mining Tools, &c., &c., constantly on hand, at Cromwell prices.

**GOOD STABLING.**  
N.B.—District Post Office.

Wanaka

**WANAKA HOTEL, PEMBROKE.**

The above hotel, which is delightfully situated on the margin of the Wanaka Lake, offers to the tourist and pleasure-seeker advantages rarely to be met with.

The scenery in the neighbourhood is exceedingly picturesque; and on an island in the Lake there is excellent rabbit-shooting.

An excellent Four-stalled STABLE, and a Paddock, for horses.

**THEODORE RUSSELL,**  
Proprietor.

Lawrence

**VICTORIA HOTEL,**  
PEEL-STREET, LAWRENCE.

**RICHARD WILLIAMS** ..... Proprietor.

Families and Travellers visiting Lawrence will find every accommodation, and receive the best attention, at this old-established Hotel.

A new building has recently been erected, which considerably enlarges the accommodation and enhances the comfort of visitors. The additions comprise a suit of Private Apartments, commodious Bedrooms, and well furnished and cosy Sittingrooms, and render the Victoria one of the largest and most comfortable country hotels in the province.

A substantial Stable has also been erected, making now 13 stalls; together with four loose boxes and coach house.

Paddock for the accommodation of horses.

**Cromwell**

**BANNOCKBURN COAL PIT.**

ORDERS for this COAL left with  
**D. A. JOLLY & CO.**  
will be punctually executed.  
**JOHN DOVE.**

NOTICE.

**FOURTEEN or FIFTEEN QUARTZ MINERS WANTED** in the STAR OF THE EAST and HEART OF OAK claims, Carrick.

Wages, £3 5s per week.  
Apply to the Working Managers on the Claims. By order of the Directors,  
Star and Oak Co.'s.

**NOTICE.**—Having received intimation from our Mr MICHAEL HALLNSTEIN (Melbourne) that he intends visiting New Zealand in September, previous to his departure for London, it becomes necessary for us to have a STOCK-TAKING, owing to contemplated changes in our Firm.

We have, in consequence, to inform all those indebted to us that their ACCOUNTS will be rendered, and must be SETTLED or otherwise arranged for, on or before the 14th SEPTEMBER next: failing this, our Solicitor will receive instructions to recover them.

**I. HALLNSTEIN & CO.**  
Aug. 4, 1873.

**GARDEN SEEDS.**

Just received, and on sale at the  
**ARGUS SEED WAREHOUSE,**  
A choice and seasonable stock of  
GARDEN SEEDS.



CROMWELL ARGUS

**General Printing Office,**

MELMORE TERRACE.

**MATTHEWS & FENWICK,**

MERCANTILE AND DECORATIVE  
**PRINTERS,**

EXECUTE ORDERS FOR

**PRINTING**

OF EVERY KIND

In the most modern styles of the Art.

**BOOK AND PAMPHLET WORK,**

Unsurpassed in the Colony.

PLAIN, ENAMELLED, } **CARDS** { COLORED, EMBOSSED,  
In endless variety of style.

**ADMISSION TICKETS**

For Balls, Concerts, Lectures, Entertainments, Soirees, &c. &c.

**BALL PROGRAMMES,**

NEWEST STYLES.

**Business & Invitation Circulars,**

Printed in New and Elegant Type,

ON FINE POST OR FANCY NOTE PAPER.

**MINING COMPANIES' SCRIP,**

(Superior to Lithographed)

ON FIRST-CLASS LOAN PAPER.

**POSTERS,**

ANY SIZE,

BLACK OR COLOURED INKS.

**ILLUMINATED SHOW-CARDS,**

SUPERB DESIGNS,

In Coloured Inks or Gold Bronze.

**Receipt and Delivery Books**

Neatly printed and strongly bound.

**Catalogues, Hand Bills, Programmes,**

Labels, Memo's, Societies' Rules,

Bags and Wrapping Papers,

Prospectuses, Envelopes,

Ale & Porter Labels,

Circular Labels,

—AND—

EVERY OTHER KIND OF PRINTING

**The Cromwell Argus**

IS PUBLISHED

EVERY TUESDAY AFTERNOON,

And delivered the same day.

BY SPECIAL MESSENGERS, THROUGHOUT THE DISTRICT.

SUBSCRIPTION:

SIX SHILLINGS & QUARTER.

CASUAL ADVERTISEMENTS:

Each insertion under four, per inch..... 3/-  
On four or more insertions, a reduction of 25%.

STANDING ADVERTISEMENTS

On still more liberal terms.

Casual advertisements must be prepaid, otherwise the Proprietors cannot guarantee insertion.

The charge for Birth and Marriage Announcements is Half-a-crown each, payable at the time of insertion.

ALL CURES MADE EASY!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Bad Legs, Ulcers, Sores, Bad Breasts, and Old Wounds.

No description of wound, sore, or ulcer can resist the healing properties of this excellent Ointment. The worst cases readily assume a healthy appearance whenever this medicament is applied; a sound flesh springs up from the bottom of the wound, inflammation of the surrounding skin is arrested, and a complete and permanent cure quickly follows the use of the Ointment.

*Piles, Fistulas, and Internal Inflammation.*

These distressing and weakening diseases may with certainty be cured by the sufferers themselves, if they will use Holloway's Ointment, and closely attend to the printed instructions. It should be well rubbed upon the neighbouring parts, when all obnoxious matter will be removed. A poultice of bread and water may sometimes be applied at bed-time with advantage; the most scrupulous cleanliness must be observed. If those who read this paragraph will bring it under the notice of such of their acquaintance whom it may concern, they will render a service which will never be forgotten, as a cure is certain.

*Rheumatism, Gout, and Neuralgia.*

Nothing has the power of reducing inflammation and subduing pain in these complaints in the same degree as Holloway's cooling Ointment and purifying Pills. When used simultaneously, they drive all inflammation and depravities from the system, subdue and remove all enlargement of the joints, and leave the sinews and muscles lax and uncontracted. A cure may always be effected even under the worst circumstances, if the use of these medicines be persevered in.

*Eruptions, Scald Head, Ringworm, and other Skin Diseases.*

After fomentation with warm water, the utmost relief and speediest cure can be readily obtained of all complaints affecting the skin and joints, by the simultaneous use of the Ointment and Pills. But it must be remembered that almost all skin diseases indicate depravity of the blood and derangement of the liver and stomach; consequently, in many cases, time is required to purify the blood, which will be effected by a judicious use of the Pills. The general health will readily be improved, although the eruption may be driven out more freely than before; and this should be promoted. Perseverance is necessary.

*Sore Throats, Diphtheria, Quinsey, Mumps, and all other Derangements of the Throat.*

On the appearance of any of these maladies, the Ointment should be well rubbed, at least thrice a day, upon the neck and upper part of the chest, so as to penetrate to the glands, as salt is forced into meat. This course will at once remove inflammation and ulceration. The worst cases will yield to this treatment if the printed directions be followed.

*Scrofula, or King's Evil, and Swelling of the Glands.*

This class of cases may be cured by Holloway's purifying Pills and Ointment, as their double action of purifying the blood and strengthening the system renders them more suitable than any other remedy for all complaints of a scrofulous nature. As the blood is impure, the liver, stomach, and bowels, being much deranged, require purifying medicine to bring about a cure.

*Both Ointment and Pills should be used in the following Disorders:*

Bad Legs	Scalds
Bad Breasts	Sore Nipples
Burns	Sore Throats
Bunions	Skin Diseases
Bite of Mosquitoes and Sandflies	Scurvy
Coco-bay	Sore Heads
Chicago-foot	Tumours
Chilblains	Ulcers
Fistulas	Wounds and Yaws
Gout	Cancers
Glandular Swellings	Contracted and Stiff Joints
Lumbago	Elephantiasis
Piles	Chapped Hands
Rheumatism	Corns (soft)

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box, and can be had in any language—even in Chinese.

**VICTORIA FIRE AND GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY.**

CAPITAL.....£2,200,000.

**I. HALLNSTEIN & CO.,**  
AGENTS,  
CROMWELL. 89

**T H I G H G U M B O O T S.**  
25s.

**I. HALLNSTEIN & CO.**



**WANTED, an APPRENTICE** to the Bootmaking Business.—Apply to WM. TAYLOR, Bootmaker, Cromwell.

### FOR SALE.

**A LICENSED WATER RACE**, carrying two sluice-heads, in PIPE-CLAY GULLY, Bannockburn; Dams, Tools, &c.—Apply to  
**GEORGE JENOUR**,  
Cromwell.

**STAR OF THE EAST Q. M. CO.**, REGISTERED.

An adjourned GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company will be held at the Company's Office, Cromwell, on TUESDAY EVENING, 19th instant, at half-past seven o'clock.

**D. MACKELLAR**,  
Manager.

**FOR SALE, or TO LET**, with immediate possession, a comfortable FOUR-ROOMED COTTAGE, with half-acre of LAND, pleasantly situated at the West End. Garden securely fenced. Water convenient. Rent very moderate.

For particulars apply to **D. A. JOLLY & Co.**, or at the office of this paper.

**A QUANTITY of KIDNEY POTATOES FOR SALE**,  
—AT—  
**JAMES HAZLETT'S**  
BELFAST STORE.

**BILLIARD TABLE FOR SALE**,  
Three-quarter size.  
Apply to **CHAS. COLCLOUGH**.

**SURGICAL AND MECHANICAL DENTISTRY.**

**MR. J. P. ARMSTRONG**,  
(OF DUNEDIN),

Can be CONSULTED at Hawthorne's Clyde Hotel, CLYDE,—where he has Private Rooms to see Patients,—for 14 days.

Mr ARMSTRONG regrets his inability to visit Cromwell during his stay.

### New Advertisements.

V.  R.

**APPLICATION for an AGRICULTURAL LEASE**,  
Under Section 103b of the Otago Waste Lands Act, 1872.

District of Dunstan, Aug. 7, 1873.

To the District Land Officer.

We hereby apply for a Lease of Land for Agricultural purposes, situate at Mount Pisa Station Homestead on Run 245, being the land adjoining and surrounding the present pre-emptive freehold, and bounded on all sides by Crown Lands, the road from Cromwell to Lake Wanaka running about five chains to the eastward of the proposed eastern boundary; and comprising six hundred and forty acres or thereabouts, in accordance with section 103b of the Otago Waste Lands Act 1872, and the Agricultural Leases Regulations of the 8th day of December, 1871, made under the Otago Gold Fields Act 1866, and the Gold Fields Act Amendment Acts 1837, 1868, 1869."

**RUSSELL HOWELL**,

**THOMAS CHARLES LOUGHNAN**,

**JOHN JAMES THOMAS SOMERS COCKS**,

By their attorney, **JAMES RATTRAY**.

### NOTICE.

The above application will be heard before me at Clyde on the 3rd day of September next.

**W. LAWRENCE SIMPSON**,

District Land Officer.

**NOTICE.—TENDERS WANTED** to construct a SOD DAM for the EXCELSIOR COMPANY, Quartz Reef Point. Length of Dam, 200 yards or thereabouts.

Plans and Specifications to be seen on the ground. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Tenders to be sent in not later than September 1st, 1873, to

**JOHN BARR WILSON**,  
Quartz Reef Point.

**CARDRONA A.**  
Notice is hereby given that the Prospectus of THE CARDRONA VALLEY GREAT EXTENDED GOLD MINING COMPANY, LIMITED, will be issued at an early date, as the Deed of Grant is recommended in favour of Messrs MACKIN and BOND.  
Cardrona, 13/9/73.

### NOTICE.

**BUCHAN BROTHERS** beg to inform the public generally that they have disposed of their business as Farriers and Blacksmiths to Mr J. W. THOMSON, who will in future carry on the business.

BUCHAN BROTHERS would respectfully ask a SETTLEMENT of all accounts due to them within A MONTH from this date.

**JOHN W. THOMSON**,  
FARRIER AND BLACKSMITH.

JOHN W. THOMSON desires to announce to the inhabitants of Cromwell and the District that he has purchased the business lately carried on by Messrs BUCHAN BROTHERS as Farriers and Blacksmiths. His long practical experience in all branches of the business, combined with moderate charges, will, he trusts, secure him a fair share of public patronage.

**THOMSON'S**  
VETERINARY AND SHOEING FORGE,  
CROMWELL.

**SWAN BREWERY**,  
CROMWELL.

**GOODGER AND KUHTZE**,  
Proprietors.

GOODGER AND KUHTZE are now prepared to supply their unrivalled XXXX ALES in any quantity.

Orders left with Mr G. W. GOODGER, Cromwell, or at the Brewery, will be promptly attended to.

### TO FARMERS.

GOODGER AND KUHTZE will be purchasers during the forthcoming season of any quantity of GOOD MALTING BARLEY.

**GOODGER & KUHTZE**.

**JOHN MARSH**.

"VALUE FOR MONEY."

**BRIDGE HOTEL**,  
CROMWELL.

**LOOK out for Best Value for Cash** at Premises lately occupied by the Bank of New Zealand.

**NO HUMBUG!**

A POSITIVE CHEAP SALE WILL BE HELD FOR TEN DAYS ONLY.

**CHEAP DRAPERY AND CLOTHING!**

Flannels, Winceys, Blankets, Hearth Rugs, Calico, Boys' and Men's Shirts, Boys' Suits (all sorts), Men's Coats, Trowsers, and Vests; Ladies Dresses in great variety, Ladies' and Childrens' Underclothing, Baby Linen and Infants' Clothing, Men's and Boys' Hats, Ladies' Trimmed Hats, Ladies' and Children's Dresses ready made, Ladies' and Children's Waterproofs, Cocoa Matting, Opossum Rugs, Toilet Covers, Antimacassars, Bed Quilts white and coloured, Drugget, American Cloth.

Large assortment of Woollen Goods.

Men's Boots, and Dunedin-made Watertights; Ladies' and Children's Boots.

Fancy Goods, Perfumery, Patent Medicines. TOBACCO and CIGARS.

A splendid assortment of JEWELLERY.

Guaranteed the CHEAPEST SALE ever held in Cromwell.

Come and See and be Convinced.

**J. SOLOMON**,  
Proprietor.

**CROMWELL ATHENÆUM.**

Subscribers in arrears are respectfully requested to pay up their subscriptions within fourteen days from the date of this notice.

Notice is also hereby given that Bye-law No. 7 will in future be strictly enforced against any Subscriber who may REMOVE, without permission from the Librarian, any of the PERIODICALS or MAGAZINES from the Reading-Room.

**D. A. JOLLY**,

August 13, 1873.

Hon. Sec.

**REV. B. DRAKE** will PREACH at CARRICKTON, at Mr J. Perry's, on Sunday next, in the forenoon; and at BANNOCKBURN, in the Schoolhouse, in the afternoon.

**CHURCH OF ENGLAND.**

SERVICES will be held as follows:

August 24, Cromwell, Morning.

August 31: Gorge, Morning; Bannockburn, Afternoon; Cromwell, Evening.

September 7: Cromwell, Morning; Bendigo, Afternoon.

September 14: Cromwell, Morning (H.C.); Bannockburn, Afternoon.

**J. JONES.**

**FOR SALE or TO LET.**—That valuable property on Section 1, Block XIII, lately occupied by Mr W. GRANT, Timber Merchant.

This property is excellently situated for either Store or Hotel purposes.

### NOTICE.

**SPORTS! SPORTS!! SPORTS!!!**

PRIZES will be competed for at QUARTZVILLE on SATURDAY NEXT, 23rd inst, in the following games, viz:—

PIGEON SHOOTING (100 birds to be supplied);

QUOT MATCH;

FOOT RACE;

HANDICAP BILLIARD MATCH.

Each event open to all comers.

To commence with Pigeon Shooting at Two o'clock sharp.

**DUNSTAN DISTRICT HOSPITAL.**

AN ENTERTAINMENT in aid of the above Institution will be given at an early date at the Schoolhouse, Bannockburn, by a Local Celebrity, under the auspices of the Bannockburn and Carrick Range Miners' Association.

Full particulars in a future issue.

**PRELIMINARY NOTICE.**

GRAND AMATEUR  
DRAMATIC ENTERTAINMENT.

In aid of the Cromwell Athenæum Fund, will take place in  
**KIDD'S CONCERT HALL,**

—ON—

**THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 4.**

THE CROMWELL BRASS BAND

Have kindly volunteered their services.

Full particulars in future issue.—SEE BILLS.

**CROMWELL SPRING MELTING.**

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 4.

Programme in early issue.

**W. MACNAB**,

Secretary.

### NOTICE.

HAVING leased the Premises and Plant used by Mr James Alexander Matthews (under the style or firm of Matthews and Fenwick), as Proprietor of the CROMWELL ARGUS and as General Printer, I hereby give notice that the business of the said James Alexander Matthews will from this date forward be carried on by me on the said Premises, under the style or firm of MATTHEWS and MACKELLAR.

**D. MACKELLAR.**

August 11, 1873.

ALL ACCOUNTS due to the late firm of Matthews and Fenwick must be settled within one month from this date; and I hereby authorise Mr D. MacKellar or Mr Sidney H. Jenkinson to receive the same and give receipts on my behalf.

**J. A. MATTHEWS.**

August 11, 1873.

On Saturday first some sports are to be held at Quartzville, as may be seen by our advertising columns. Considerable interest will be centred in the affair, as some of our crack "shootists" are expected to put in an appearance.

In the House of Representatives, the other day, Mr Mervyn moved the second reading of the Representation Act Amendment Bill, to alter the boundaries of the Dunstan district. He explained that he moved in the matter because he originally represented the district, and now lived there, and knew the local feeling on the matter. Mr T. L. Shepherd, as member for the Dunstan, characterised Mr Mervyn's conduct as impertinent, particularly as he had not been consulted by Mr Mervyn. The latter replied that as Mr Shepherd was not likely to represent the Dunstan or any other district in another Council or Parliament, he had not troubled to consult him. The Bill, on the suggestion of Mr McLean, was withdrawn.

### BIRTH.

On the 15th inst., at Kawarau Gorge, the wife of N. CAMPION, of a son.

**Cromwell Argus,**

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

CROMWELL: TUESDAY, AUGUST 19, 1873.

FOLLOWING the custom adopted by officials of a higher rank, and that initiated by himself last year, the Mayor has again pledged himself to bring under the consideration of the Council, what may be described as a definite programme for the carrying out of Municipal public works for the ensuing year. He promises, in effect, to submit to the Council, or see that they are submitted, plans for giving the town a permanent supply of water; for the formation of the cross-streets; for the continuation of the main-street; and for the reclamation of what has well been termed the Great Desert. This is not an extensive programme as regards length; but any Town Council which will manfully, and in real earnest, grapple with the various questions therein suggested, and give them some practical direction, no matter how slight, will deserve well at the hands of the citizens. A sufficient quantity of talk has been heard upon these subjects for the last two or three years; and it is high time some action was taken upon them.

The difficulty for the Council, however, is to take up these questions in real earnest, and to give them some practical direction. It is very easy during the excitement of a Municipal election, or whilst surrounded by the halo of a successful contest, to dilate upon a "great and grand" scheme of water supply, or upon the best means of abating the "dust pestilence"; but it is quite another affair to think out and commit to paper the practical details of such schemes. The one thing is a pleasure; a gossiping kind of discussion can do for it: the other means business; and wants cool and deliberate, not to say laborious, calculation. Last year the public works policy of the Council, as enunciated by the Mayor, instead of embracing four or six leading features, enumerated no less than nineteen. How many of those nineteen proposals were carried out, or rather how many were attempted to be carried out?—for we must give the Council credit for what they tried to do, as well as for what they did do. Some of the matters then brought up before them, they took up in real earnest,—as, for instance, the Cardrona track, the Quartz Reef Point track, the Carrick mail service, the creation of a third Ward; and behold, they are accomplished facts. On the other hand:—the water question was relegated to a Public Works Committee to report upon, and it has never been reported upon; a letter was written about the dust nuisance, an answer to that letter was received, and the "dust pestilence," the most grievous plague the unfortunate citizens have to bear in the summer season, was allowed to be forgotten; the permanent levels never came above-board; no ornamental trees were ever spoken of, let alone planted, in Melmore-street; and the cross-streets, Innis, Sligo, and Erris streets, still remain in their natural state. We do not blame the Mayor for all these shortcomings; indeed it would be difficult to blame any one in particular of the late Council. But we do protest, and that most strongly, against being satisfied with fine promises from year to year. We have had a very fair sample of promises, and would fain see what the performances are like. We want to hear as little more of this water supply as possible; we want to see the water; to irrigate our gardens with it; to lay the dust of our streets with it; perhaps to drive our printing presses, our turning-lathes, and our sausage-machines with it. We trust, then, that the present Council will set about their work in real earnest. The new members, we feel certain, are anxious to do something, and it only remains for the old members to set them a good example. The Public Works Committee, especially, have an important duty to perform; and Messrs DAWKINS, GRANT, and HAYES may rest assured their every action will be watched with the most jealous scrutiny. If they do their duty, or try to do it, they will receive the thanks of every citizen in this town; if they neglect it, or perform it in the same perfunctory way as has been done by some previous Public Works Committees, they will not fail to receive their reward. We look forward with the greatest hope to the future doings of our newly constructed Council.

We hear with much pleasure that the petition in favour of the extension of the Railway from Tuapeka to Roxburgh, Alexandra, Clyde, and Cromwell has been very numerously signed by the residents in the lower Dunstan district, and the Mount Benger district. Those parties having charge of the petition in this district should send it in without delay.

We are informed by a gentleman who visited Bendigo last week, that the present crushing of the Cromwell Company's stone is likely to yield a very good result. It is said that above 500 ounces of amalgam had been taken out of the boxes after crushing about 70 tons of stuff. The company can only use five head of stamps, owing to the scarcity of water.

A meeting of shareholders in the Carrick Range Water Race Company was held in the Town-hall yesterday evening. A majority of the shareholders were present, personally, or by proxy. The report of the Directors for the past six months (which we print in another place) was laid upon the table, and received. The plans and specifications of the race were also sent in by the District Surveyor. It was resolved to forward the plans and specifications at once to Wellington. It was also resolved to appoint Mr D. MacKellar legal Manager for the Company, in room of H. W. Sunythes, resigned. Several accounts were also recommended for payment. The meeting, about 11.30 p.m., adjourned till the evening of Monday, 25th inst., the business being chiefly to consider Auditors' report.

A matter of considerable interest to Managers of Registered Mining Companies was discussed in the Warden's Court on Thursday last, during the hearing of an application by the Heart of Oak Quartz Mining Company for protection. It appeared from the statement of Mr MacKellar (who appeared on behalf of the Company,) that the Heart of Oak Company was possessed, as regarded the application in question, of only one miner's right. The Warden observed that he was not sure that any company could hold six men's ground by virtue of one miner's right. Mr MacKellar observed that the practice of registered companies holding only one right did not arise from the fact of the companies grudging the annual expense, but because it was generally understood by legal managers that it was only necessary to hold one to secure registered companies' claims, and to give the companies the necessary legal standing in the Court; and referred to remarks made by the late Warden, Mr Pyke, which first gave rise to such an understanding. Mr Simpson promised to give the question further consideration, before next Court-day.

A specimen of excellent lignite was handed to us during the week by Sergeant Cassels, who reports it as having been taken from a thin seam discovered in the Lindis district, by some of the shepherds on the Morven Hills or Ardgour Station. The specimen was given to the Sergeant by Mr Alexander Tolmie, one of the shepherds. The seam is described as being only, so far as discovered, two inches thick. But the thickness is a matter of no moment whatever; the great thing is to have found a seam at all. We trust the discovery will soon be followed up by the opening of a regular coal-pit. We shall then be spared the trouble of reporting from week to week, for six months in the year, that "crushing operations at Bendigo are suspended on account of the scarcity of water."

A meeting of the Cromwell Athenæum Committee was held in the Town-hall on Tuesday evening, 12th inst. There were present:—Messrs J. A. Preshaw, president; D. MacKellar, vice-president; D. A. Jolly, Secretary; B. R. Baird, J. Taylor, J. Marsh, and C. W. Wright. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed. The resignation of Mr Matthews, as a member of Committee, (he being about to remove to Duendin,) was received by the Committee with regret. Subscriptions amounting to £4 18s. were handed in by the Librarian. The Secretary was instructed to acknowledge receipt of first parcel of new books, and of the invoice of second parcel; and to direct the Librarian to place the new books on the shelves of the Library immediately on receipt of the second parcel. The Secretary was also instructed to give notice, by advertisement, to subscribers in arrears that they must pay up on or before the beginning of September. A lengthy discussion then took place on the best method of stopping the irregularities in connection with the periodicals and magazines supplied to the Institution, which was much complained of by the majority of subscribers. It appeared that some members of the Athenæum are in the habit of removing Chambers' Journal, Cassell's Magazine, Once a Week, and periodicals of that description, as regularly as they are delivered on the arrival of the Home mail. To bring the matter forcibly under the notice of the Committee, and have an end to such unfair conduct, it further appeared that the Vice-president had, when the last Home mail was received, quietly removed all the periodicals together. Several of the Committee thought it would be advisable to form a Magazine Club in connection with, but independent of, the Athenæum; but it was finally resolved to instruct the Librarian to report the first offence which again took place in the matter of the magazines, and bye-law No. 7, (which in plain English means expulsion,) would be rigidly enforced against the offender. It was also mentioned whilst this matter was under discussion that the admission of youths

to the institution had not proved a success; that they were often guilty of disarranging the books, papers, &c., and the cause of much disorder. It was resolved to caution them. The Secretary was instructed to write the following letters:—To Secretary for the Gold-fields in re the Athenæum site and the Endowment granted to this Athenæum during the past session of the Provincial Council; to the ladies and gentlemen who took part in the last Popular Entertainment, thanking them for their services; and to the Cromwell Brass Band. Messrs Baird, MacKellar, and Marsh were appointed a sub-committee to order a further supply of books from the Education Board; Messrs Preshaw, Wright, and MacKellar to report upon best method of classifying books; and Messrs Marsh, Taylor, Preshaw, and MacKellar to prepare a draft of new rules for the Athenæum. Mr Owen Pierce was elected in room of Mr Matthews, resigned. The Rev. J. Jones, the Rev. C. W. Withey, and the Rev. Father O'Connor were placed on the list of honorary members.

Some arrangement should be made by the Government with the Banks in this Province, whereby the men employed on the road might be able to get their monthly "vouchers" cashed. At present, the Banks will only take them for "collection;" and storekeepers look very suspiciously at them, at least when presented by men who may happen to be personally unknown to them. Last week we heard of a case where one of the men lately engaged on the Carrick Range road offered the sum of fifteen shillings as consideration for cashing a voucher not much exceeding £10. This man was not locally well known, and wanted to leave without delay for some other job. The voucher was cashed, after repeated trials elsewhere, by one of our resident hotelkeepers; the sum of four shillings only being deducted as discount. Other cases there were where some of the other men engaged on the same road had their vouchers cashed for sums not exceeding £10; the discounts varying, as the men happened to be known or unknown, from four to ten shillings. Surely this is not creditable to the Provincial Government of Otago. Their vouchers ought to pass as readily from the workmen to the storekeepers as Bank notes would.

A meeting of the Cromwell Jockey Club Committee was held at Mr Goodger's Hotel on Thursday evening, the business being to receive tenders for fencing-in the Race-course Reserve, and to fix the date of the Spring Meeting. The members of the Committee present were:—J. A. Preshaw (president), J. Dawkins (vice-president), D. A. Jolly (Treasurer), J. Marsh, T. Heron, R. Brown, G. Starkey, J. Taylor, O. Pierce, M. Fraer, and W. Shanly. As the business in hand had created considerable interest, several other gentlemen, members of the Jockey Club, were present by permission of the Committee. Thirteen tenders were received for the fencing. Considerable discussion took place on the consideration of the tenders, as it was found that even the lowest tender exceeded the amount which had been estimated to be required for doing the work. Ultimately it was resolved that none of the tenders should be accepted, instructions being given at the same time to a sub-committee to borrow an amount of money not less than £300, and authority also to treat privately with the three lowest tenderers for the construction of the fence when the necessary amount should have been obtained. Excluding Cavenagh (whose tender being too low was not considered), the three lowest tenderers were Messrs Cavanagh Maxwell, and Baker. A letter was read from the Dunstan Jockey Club, notifying their disqualification of Reay, the jockey, to ride on the Dunstan Course; also, that the 26th September was the date fixed upon for holding their Spring Meeting. The Committee then appointed Saturday, 4th October, as the day for holding the Cromwell Jockey Club Spring Meeting. Messrs Marsh and Heron were appointed to canvass the town and vicinity for subscriptions, and to report the result within a week. Messrs Preshaw, Dawkins, and Starkey were appointed a Programme Committee.

From Mr Haughton's Annual Report on the Gold-fields of the Colony, presented to the House of Representatives, we extract the following relating to our own district. Mr Warden Simpson says (and he is speaking till the date 31st March, 1873):—"From the district, which now only comprehends the sub-districts of Cromwell, Clyde, and Alexandra, there was escorted, during the year, 3,451 oz. of gold, being 3000 oz. in excess of what was escorted from those sub-districts the previous year, a favorable sign when it is observed that the population has diminished. The great drawback to the further development of this district, more particularly of the alluvial workings, is the small water supply, which has during the last four months been reduced to a minimum. Efforts are being made to allay this evil in the Cromwell District by the construction of the Carrick Water Race, in the Clyde District by that of the Chatto Creek, and in the Alexandra District by that of the Gorge Race, at a total expenditure of not less than £20,000. All those races will open up new ground of proved auriferous character, to the extent of some hundreds of acres." Speaking of the late dry season, Mr Simpson goes on to say:—"Such ever-recurring dry seasons, in a district like the Dunstan, should cause attention to be turned to the procuring, by mechanical means,

a supply of water from the large rivers. Short, however, as the water supply has been, the alluvial workings have contributed the great proportion of the gold; and of those workings, those at a high elevation, such as the Nevis, have yielded the most. In particular, the yield at the Nevis has been greater than for several years." In Mr Haughton's summary of the various Warden's reports, in speaking of the Water Supply, he says:—"It will be seen from these extracts the absolute necessity which is felt by the officers in charge of mining districts for a large extension of the present system of water supply." We also notice that the "Carrick Range Company" is one of six companies which have applied for subsidies, the amount asked for being £5000, and the "Remark" attached being, "Plans and specifications not lodged." The report of the Directors of the above-mentioned Company, which we publish in another place, will throw some light upon this "Remark."

## MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

The first regular meeting of the re-constructed Council was held in the Town-hall on Thursday evening. There were present—the Mayor, Mr Fraer, and Councillors Dawkins, Grant, Wright, Shanly, Hayes, and Pierce.

Before bringing the immediate business of the evening before the Council, the Mayor said that he deemed it necessary to make a few remarks before entering upon the duties which he and the other members of the Council had been chosen to fulfil. He could assure them that it gave him great pleasure to think that he had in some measure merited the esteem and confidence of his fellow-citizens, when he was again returned to preside over the Council of the important Municipality of Cromwell. He was aware of the responsibility which rested upon him in filling that office, and he would endeavour to maintain its dignity by conducting the duties of it on all occasions in a fair and impartial manner. In doing so, he trusted he would have the hearty assistance and co-operation of the Councillors, so that the business of the town might be carried on in a profitable and satisfactory manner. Differences of opinion would no doubt exist on many subjects; at least, he expected, nay he had almost said he hoped so. But he trusted those differences would be expressed in a temperate and forbearing manner; and that one aim only would animate the Councillors,—namely, the welfare and advancement of the town and district. With these few remarks, he would now direct the Council's attention to several matters which he thought should have their earnest attention during the year. Amongst the various works which would be brought under their consideration were the following:—A permanent water supply, (his Worship pointing out that the Ordinance passed during the late session of the Provincial Council put the Corporation in a position to prosecute this scheme to advantage); the permanent levels of the town; the formation of the cross streets from Melmore-terrace to the main-streets on the flat; the construction of Melmore-street westward towards the Kawarau Gorge; the settlement of that vexed question, Block IX; the reclamation of the waste land on Blocks XIII, XIV, &c., &c.; the improvement of the mail service; and the establishment of a District Court. These, he thought, were the most important local matters they would be required to deal with; but many other important questions affecting the district, as well as the town, would crop up during their term of office, and he trusted, when they did come before them, they would be discussed in a liberal and intelligent manner. He would conclude by again expressing a hope that all their discussions would be conducted in a temperate and businesslike manner.

Cr. Grant had great pleasure in listening to the remarks which had fallen from his Worship on this occasion. He (Cr. Grant) concurred with the spirit of those remarks, and was sure that his Worship's most earnest desire was to benefit Cromwell, and to see it flourish. He hoped that one and all would join heartily in carrying out those works which had been shadowed forth to them to-night.

Cr. Grant was then proceeding to discuss the water scheme, but the Mayor reminded him that it would hardly be in order to allow any discussion on the subject at the present stage of the business. A more fitting opportunity could be taken for doing so.

Cr. Grant was anxious to proceed with the matter, characterising it as the "great and grand" scheme they were chiefly called upon to deal with, when Cr. Dawkins rose to a point of order. Cr. Dawkins thought it was quite competent for any Councillor to make a general expression of concurrence, or otherwise, with the introductory remarks made by the Mayor; but it was not in order to discuss at length one particular matter.

Cr. Grant said he would bring the question of water supply up at some future time.

Cr. Shanly, as one of the new Councillors, would only like to say that he would do everything in his power to make things work harmoniously; and he trusted that at the end of the year the members would be found acting as one man for the welfare and advancement of the town and district.

The minutes of previous meetings were then read and confirmed.

## APPOINTMENT OF TOWN CLERK.

Three applications for the office of Town Clerk were received.—from Messrs Colclough, MacNab, and Jenour.

Before putting the applications to the meeting, the Mayor impressed upon the Council the necessity of putting aside all personal

prejudices or predilections in making the appointment. Every one knew that the success or otherwise of the town business depended greatly upon the gentleman who might be appointed to the office of Town Clerk, and he trusted that that consideration alone would guide them in making their selection.

It was then resolved to appoint Mr Charles Colclough to the office: three Councillors being in favour of his appointment; two of the appointment of Mr MacNab; and one of appointing Mr Jenour. It was also resolved to instruct Mr F. J. Wilson, solicitor, to prepare the bond for the security required from the Town Clerk,—viz., £200.

## CLEANSING STREETS AND REPAIRING TOWN RACE.

Three tenders were received for cleansing street and attending town race for the period of three months:—John Wright, £9 15s.; William Barnes, £10 8s.; R. C. Moore, £11. Resolved that the tender of John Wright be accepted.

## COUNCIL COMMITTEES.

Before proceeding to the election of Committees for the year, it was resolved, on the motion of Cr. Dawkins, that three members of the Council (exclusive of the Mayor, who would act *ex officio*) should be appointed on the several Committees.

The appointment of Committees was then gone on with, as follows:—

Public Works Committee: Messrs Dawkins, Grant, and Hayes.

Finance Committee: Messrs Wright, Pierce, and Shanly.

Legislative and Rate Committee: Messrs Dawkins, Wright, and Shanly.

## ACCOUNTS.

Several accounts laid upon the table were ordered to be referred to the Finance Committee, to be reported upon at next meeting.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

Inward.—Letter from R. Inglis, offering to supply gravel for footpaths in Melmore-street, was read. Ordered to be referred to Public Works Committee.

Outward.—The Town Clerk was instructed to write to the Chief Postmaster in re the mail service.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

Resolved, on the motion of Cr. Wright, seconded by Cr. Grant, that application be made to the Government to get the District Engineer to assist in taking the permanent levels of the town.

It was resolved that the Mayor and Town Clerk be empowered to deal with the Government in the matter of compensation for the main road already formed through the township.

Before concluding the business, the Mayor intimated that the past accounts of the Corporation would be brought under the consideration of the Council at its next meeting; and that if the need arose, a special meeting of the Council would be called for the purpose.

The usual vote of thanks to the Mayor concluded the proceedings.

## FIRE AT CARRICKTON.

An official inquiry into the circumstances attending the fire which happened at Carrickton on Friday evening, the 8th inst., was made by the District Coroner, Dr Corse, on Tuesday, 12th inst. The inquiry was held at Mr Thomas Horrigan's Star of the West Hotel. Seven or eight witnesses in all were examined; and the close scrutiny to which all the circumstances in connection with the case was subjected may be inferred from the fact that the Coroner and jury were engaged upon the matter from 1 p.m. till 12 at midnight. Our space precludes us from giving any detailed account of the inquiry, but amongst the facts elicited may be mentioned the following. It appears that Mr Alfred Short (who was to have taken possession the next day) took a look round the premises a very short time before they were discovered to be in flames. He, in company with a few others, had been passing the time in Mr Horrigan's Hotel, but had been disturbed by the persistent barking of a dog which Mr Horrigan keeps at the rear of his building. Finding no one about the place, Mr Short returned to Mr Horrigan's Hotel, but had not been there many minutes till the alarm of fire was given. Mr Short, aided by several living in the neighbourhood, rushed to the building with a view of extinguishing the flames or of saving something from destruction, but it was at once seen that all efforts in that direction would be entirely useless. As there was a general impression that the fire was the work of an incendiary, a number of those present commenced a search up and down the adjoining gullies, but as may easily be imagined, with no successful result. It was also stated at the inquest that on a search being made next day, several fresh and unused matches were found in an outhouse very closely adjoining the part of the premises which was first discovered to be on fire. It was also proven that one of the sheets of iron had been bent up in a such a way as to make a small entrance into the house. This hole had been noticed before the fire took place, but no notice had been taken of it other than the remark that some of the children had been doing it. The verdict returned was that "the jury is of opinion that the said house was wilfully, feloniously, and maliciously destroyed by fire by some person or persons at present unknown." We are sure that no effort will be spared on the part of the police to discover the guilty person or persons, and we trust that the slightest clue to his or their discovery which may be found by those living in the neighbourhood of Carrickton will be at once communicated to the proper quarter.



## KING BROGDEN I.

## A Review of the Pamphlet on the Brogden Railway Proposals.

By VIATOR.

A high-sounding title, your readers will exclaim, and naturally may want to know what it means. Well, it is simply this: If the Government to whom the liberties of New Zealand's population are entrusted should be so far dazzled as to assent to the proposal of Mr Brogden, they will actually place him in the position of monarch absolute and despotic over this favoured land. He proposes "to form a company which shall take over all existing railways in the Colony, and contract to make all that are further required, on a definite and comprehensive plan." And all he asks in return is, that Government shall guarantee a minimum rate of interest (5½ per cent.) on the capital of the company for forty years, allow them to fix the rates of traffic, &c., and generally to aid them in the way of legislation. To the uninitiated, outside the "railway world," this offer will sound extremely liberal. To me it seemed so, until I read of "the high sense with which the visit of Mr James Brogden had impressed the firm of the great resources and prospects of New Zealand, and of the numerous attractions which it offers for the profitable investment of capital, and for the satisfactory settlement of a large, industrious, and thriving population." I then fancied there might be two sides to the question, and turning the shield round, lo! that ugly word "monopoly" appeared to my mind's eye. I then set to work and ferreted out a few facts and ideas on the subject of railways in general, which I will proceed to lay before your readers, hoping to point the dangers of a path which, if pursued, will only lead to a revival of the ancient tradition of Esau and the mess of pottage.

Very apropos of the subject, I happened to read somewhere the other day, that before railways supersede the turnpikes in any country, the roads are known proverbially as the "king's highway," and consequently the people's highway. Therefore they should be considered an inalienable national inheritance. If this is granted, we may assume that railways are essentially national property. As a proof that this is about to be recognised as a fact, British statesmen are even now engaged in framing a measure by which the vast railway monopolies of Great Britain, in which £600,000,000 sterling are invested, can be broken up, and the entire system brought under the guardianship of the Government. It would indeed be a singular confirmation of the vulgar antipodean idea of "topsy-turviness," if we were to hand over in perpetuity all locomotion and transit of goods to monopolists, just as that other "Britain" has found out her error in the matter and is trying to remedy it. Mr Brogden, or rather the writer of the pamphlet in his interest, says, "To every reflecting observer, the evils of employing direct Government machinery for this purpose"—i.e., of instituting an efficient system of railway construction—"will be at once apparent." I cannot see it. The Government are considered fit to make our laws and to be entrusted with the guardianship of the Postal and Telegraphic systems; and why not of Railways? Mr Brogden gives as a reason: "The political condition of every Government in New Zealand is inevitably such, that a desire to acquire and retain the special Parliamentary support of certain individuals, and of the communities which they represent respectively, must noxiously interfere with the material efficiency and commercial success of an official railway department." Bosh! Is not the Government directly responsible to the entire body of the people, who are not likely to submit tamely to such a rotten political condition? If any fear of political influences is likely to arise, it would rather be from Mr Brogden's side of the question,—as witness the railway "Rings" of America, which actually control the State elections, and inflict serious injury on other interests. No, no, Mr B., that's a lame 'un. He says further that the exigencies of Parliamentary influence are almost sure to prevail over the legitimate selection of the most competent men as officers and workmen. This is merely an assumption without proof, and rather an uncomplimentary one to our politicians, I should think; in fact, Mr Brogden seems to urge the political aspect of the question as the all-powerful reason why he should be made the Railway King of New Zealand.

In the appendices to the pamphlet various instances are given of the working of the different systems of railway construction. Space will not permit me here to repeat them *in extenso*. I therefore cull one, naturally on my side of the question. It treats of the railways of the little kingdom of Belgium, (constructed and worked by the Government,) thus: "They have been the main cause of

the steady advance of Belgium in wealth and prosperity. Although worked at low rates for the benefit of the nation, they pay on the average five per cent., or more than the interest on the loans raised for their construction. They did not cost more than lines constructed by private enterprise, and their management by the State, though somewhat slow and unbending, is safe, solid, and has on the whole given satisfaction." Different systems, it is admitted, succeed in different countries, but what is good for Belgium is bad for New Zealand, on the dictum of Mr Brogden.

Let us look nearer home. New South Wales has 358 miles of railway, constructed by Government, in which is invested nearly £6,000,000 sterling. The net result of the returns for last year appear to involve the State in an annual loss of £150,000, equivalent to a tax of 6s. per head of the whole population. The loss arises from the fact that the capital invested was borrowed at 5 per cent., and the interest yielded was only at the rate of 2.688 per cent. But this return compares favourably with preceding years, so we may assume that the paying nature of the New South Wales railway speculation is only a question of time. The authority from whom I have the foregoing adds: "Of course, as a set-off to this loss, there are to be placed the profits derived from the enhanced sale of lands, due to the presence of railways, and the facilities given to the mail service and the general operations of Government. There is also the consideration that while the railways are aiding the development of the country, the increasing population is evidently aiding and will still more aid the railways, as shown by the increasing profits. Further, there is the fact that the mining industry of the country, which gives promise of assuming very large proportions, is beginning to make a very perceptible contribution towards the railway returns, and may fairly be expected to do so in a large measure in the future." Here, then, are some data for our Government, if willing to base their plans for the disappointment of Mr Brogden's ambitious dream. That they will do so, I do them the justice to suppose. To do otherwise were idiotic and ruinous. In such a case, they would discover eventually that, in making Brogden king of the New Zealand railway "ring," they would, like Frankenstein, have created a monster, hideous and uncontrollable.

I will conclude this lengthy epistle by mentioning one modest (?) restriction to which Mr Brogden is willing to consent, and that is: When the net profits of any line exceed ten per cent., the Government to have the power of requiring the company to reduce traffic rates to the extent of the excess. If the railways were national property, the Government would undoubtedly stop short when the undertaking paid the interest of the capital borrowed for construction, but under the Brogden regime we would have to "pay the piper" to the tune of 4½ or 5 per cent. additional taxation in the way of traffic charges on all capital invested. Pleasant in the abstract, very—for Brogden the First and, I hope for the future welfare of New Zealand, the Last.

Bendigo, August 12, 1873.

## CARDRONA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

August 13, 1873.

Mining matters on the Cardrona are slightly improved since last report. The redoubtable Tim Cotter holds a kind of rod of terror over two or three of the claims. The parties are quietly awaiting the decision of the Government in the matter; so of these little can be expected, as work is almost stopped with them. In the Union Company, affairs look more prosperous, as they are putting in an incline, by which the work is prosecuted by means of trucks on the latest improved principle. Handsome dividends may therefore be expected shortly from this company. The Young Pirate is still paying fairly as of old. On the upper end of the Deep Lead, a party which set in some five or six weeks back to try the All Nations claim have succeeded in tracing the lost lead, and the claim is now paying handsome wages. Other parties up the creek are more or less stopped from work by King Frost.

The sluicing claims at Branch Creek are also doing very little at present, owing to the severity of the weather.

There is every prospect of the mile-claim, viz., Mackin, Bond, and Co.'s, going ahead now, as the promoters intend shortly throwing it into a Joint Stock Company. No difficulty will be experienced in getting it up, as the universal opinion is that it is a likely place for gold, and the promoters have secured a large slice of ground. If any measure of success attend the venture, it will be the means of doing much good not alone to the Cardrona, but to the whole of the dis-

trict, as there are already several private parties made up with the view of taking claims up in other portions of the Cardrona Valley.

In regard to politics, there is some little stir amongst us just now. Our late representative in the General Assembly having resigned, and left us altogether in the lurch so far as the present session is concerned, there is to be a new election. Four gentlemen are in the field at present,—Messrs Pyke, Barton, Manders, and Innes. Of these, the last named is the only one who up to date has addressed us; and he was unanimously voted a fit and proper person to represent us in the General Assembly. To-morrow we are to be addressed by Messrs Pyke and Barton.

There is to be an Amateur Concert and Ball on Tuesday night, the 19th inst., in aid of the Dunstan District Hospital. There is every prospect of the affair being a most successful one, as the singers are all practising very strenuously and energetically.

## CARRICK RANGE WATER SUPPLY COMPANY.

The following is the Half-yearly Report of the Directors of the above Company, laid before the meeting of shareholders which took place last evening:—

"The Directors have the honour to report to this meeting of shareholders, that since the last general meeting the race has been completed as far as Duffer's Saddle, with the exception of a few culverts. A heavy flood took place about the middle of May, which severely tested the race, and rendered it necessary to make some parts of the walls of the race stronger, and also to repair several places that were injured.

"Four contracts have been let and completed, three at the lowest prices for which we could get the work done by tender; and your directors are satisfied that the work was completed according to their specifications.

"Our efforts to forward the works have been considerably crippled on account of the vexatious delay which has taken place in negotiating the Government loan applied for over twelve months ago. In making our application we acted upon the belief (having had the advice of the Warden upon the matter) that the reports of the Manager and the District Engineer would be sufficient to satisfy the Government of the bona fides of this Company. Both of these gentlemen prepared and sent lucid reports on the undertaking, and we were much chagrined to learn that the whole thing had to be gone over again, and that an authorised Government surveyor must be employed to survey the work, and forward plans and report, in order to comply fully with the conditions insisted upon by the Government previous to any loan being obtained. However, we at once employed the District Surveyor; but we regret being compelled to say that that gentleman appears to make our work a sort of stand-by to work at only when otherwise disengaged. The survey commenced on the 31st of May last, and although retarded by severe weather was finished about five weeks ago. The plan and report are not yet, however, forwarded to us; and it is of this latter delay that we have chiefly to complain.

"We have some pleasure in reporting that on the strength of the reports sent by our Manager and by the District Engineer, the Government were sufficiently satisfied of our position to return the deposit of £110 made when sending application for the loan. In our opinion, it is only the delay in furnishing the District Surveyor's plan and report which prevents us from getting the loan at once. We fully expect when the loan is granted that the Company will be in a position to prosecute the work to its final completion without any further delay.

"The change of Wardens in this district has also had a good deal to do with the delay of our business. Since our Company first commenced operations, no less than three Wardens have been acting in this district. Our work being one of considerable magnitude, it took each of these three gentlemen some time to thoroughly understand our position, and consequently each change for a time acted detrimentally to our interests.

"The Auditors' report shows a slight discrepancy, but the late Manager says it can be easily explained and settled. It is contrary to the intention of the minutes of the Directors, however, that any accounts should be paid by the Manager until submitted to and approved of by the Directors. This matter, with the explanation of the Manager, will be further brought before you at the general meeting.

"Notwithstanding the delay which we have been subjected to in negotiating with the Government, we have carried the work as far and as fast as our funds would permit. And we cannot close our report without acknowledging the assistance which in so doing we have received from the Agent of the Bank of New South Wales. He has dealt most liberally with us throughout our whole business, and accordingly deserves an expression of thanks at our hands.

"JAMES TAYLOR, Chairman."

In reply to a query published in the *New York Tribune*, asking for a remedy to break a horse off the annoying practice of pawing in his stall, a correspondent replied:—"I would say that the following plan adopted by a friend of mine proved a perfect cure for a pawing horse:—He procured a leather strap just long enough to buckle around the fetlock joint, to which he attached a strong iron chain about a foot long. After one or two applications the horse was entirely cured, the whipping of the chain against his legs proving so unpleasant he soon ceased to indulge himself in his favourite pastime." Another replied:—"One of your correspondents inquires how he can stop his horse from pawing in the stall. If he will fasten with a strap above the knee of each fore leg a piece of trace-chain about a foot and half in length, letting it hang down on the leg, he will have no further annoyance from that source."

## CORRESPONDENCE.

[We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by our correspondents.]

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

SIR,—A meeting was held in the schoolroom, Bannockburn, on Wednesday evening last for the purpose of considering "the propriety of inviting our representative to a public dinner, to give him an opportunity of explaining the action taken by him during the last session of Provincial Council." Well, well, there are some queer folks on the Bannockburn. Their delight at Mr MacKellar's fortunate advocacy of the public works is so unbounded that they are quite unable to contain themselves. They appear to be bursting with a desire to do something to add to his well-earned popularity, but don't exactly know how to do it. Why they want to give him an opportunity of addressing them, I really cannot conceive. I should have thought Mr MacKellar would have been one of the first to take such an opportunity, if he considered it absolutely necessary. Besides, such a proceeding would, in effect, prove to be rather an exclusive affair; for it is not every man who has a spare guinea, or half a guinea, as the case may be, to spend, to hear him give him an account of his stewardship.

Mr MacKellar has, no doubt, displayed considerable energy, and has quite come up to the expectations of his constituents. He has, undoubtedly, shown a desire to further the interests he represents; and has proved himself to be a man whom the Council consider worthy of respect and attention. He is deserving of praise for his conduct during the late session, but I really can't see why he should be overdone with it.

To my way of thinking, it is the force of contrast between him and our late member which has made the people of the district so enthusiastic in passing encomiums on the creditable manner in which he has done his duty. It is oftentimes the case, that what has proved detrimental to the character of one man, has become beneficial to the advancement of another. The imperfections and indiscretions of some men bring into greater prominence the virtues and good qualities of others. To sink in public estimation through a culpable neglect of one's duties is a deplorable situation for any man to occupy; but to follow in the wake of such a man, and gain the commendation of your fellow-men, is not, under the circumstances, so very difficult. When people have become accustomed to the vagaries and incapacity of a man in office; when they have become tired of looking with the eye of scorn or pity on the backslidings of him they have put their confidence in; they are apt to be startled out of their propriety at any signs of alteration and improvement, if brought about by fresh blood. The old has been so bad, that the new seems to dazzle their vision; not so much perhaps by its brightness, as by its novelty. There is a medium in all things. And, although I do not think Mr MacKellar's rise will be a fall upstairs, like that of his predecessor; still, by the people being so profuse in their eulogiums towards him, he might, perhaps, think that for the future he will be able to give satisfaction, and yet not be as diligent and assiduous as heretofore. "When a man's name is up, he can lie abed." Inordinate praise does not always stimulate a man to exert himself in maintaining or augmenting the esteem in which he is held. A certain "pride of place" may force the conviction upon his mind that he can take his ease in the conduct of public affairs, and yet give no cause for complaint or accusations. For my own part, I neither like to "damn with faint praise," nor inflate with excessive adulation.—I am, &c., A MINER.

Bannockburn, August 15, 1873.

[Our space compelled us to considerably curtail the above letter, but we have endeavoured to give the essential portion of the original. We regret this the more as we agree with "Miner" to a very considerable extent.—ED. C.A.]

## RESIDENT MAGISTRATE'S COURT.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 12, 1873.

(Before J. B. Lake, Esq., J.P.)

Pat Mulligan, charged with being drunk, was discharged with a caution.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 14, 1873.

(Before W. Lawrence Simpson, Esq., R.M.)

Pat Mulligan was again charged with being drunk and disorderly. Fined 20s., with the alternative of 48 hours in Clyde gaol, with hard labour. Pat paid the fine.

P. J. WILSON v. JAMES NICHOLAS AND THOS. MARTIN.—Claim, £4 6s. 4d. Judgment for amount, with costs, by default; failing payment, distress.

E. LINDSAY v. JOHN CUNNARD.—Claim, £1 12s. 9d. Ruled out of Court.

## WARDEN'S COURT.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 14.

(Before W. Lawrence Simpson, Esq., Warden.)

APPLICATIONS.

Protection.—Thomas Logan and two others, quartz claim, Bendigo, 90 days; Colleen Bawn, 30 days; Heart of Oak (two applications); Star of the East (two applications);—all granted, there being no objections in any case.

Residence Areas of one acre each were granted to the following applicants:—John Wilson, C. Periam, James Thompson, John Periam, at Quartz Reef Point; and Heinrich Behrens, Smith's Gully, Bannockburn.

## AMERICAN ITEMS.

A Danbury bride received among her wedding gifts a receipted bill of 8 dollars from her father, for gate hinges destroyed during the confining period.

A man named Kellogg, full of curiosity, interviewed a buzz saw in a stove factory at Indianapolis, just to see whether it was going. The saw was Kellogg only for a moment.

A San Francisco paper says:—Just what we expected. It turns out that it is the female mosquito that makes all the noise, does all the stinging, and occasions the deplorable amount of profanity wasted on these insects.

The majesty of law in Lawrence is illustrated in this classic and forcible manner in which a Judge reproved a witness:—"Young man, if you speak that way again, this Court will forget its dignity, and punch you on the snout."

A little Concord chap, who lived next door to Emerson, was engaged one day in digging a hole by the roadside. A wordy trifter, passing by, asked him, "What are you digging after, little boy?" With gravity he answered, "After the Infinite."

The Chicago reporter who, armed with a ladder, attempted to interview Long John Wentworth as to the truth of the statement that Horace Greeley once called him "a muck-minded slovenly cross between a yam and a cylinder press" is slowly recovering from his injuries. He says that what John told him is quite unfit for publication.

Cincinnati is building a huge sausage for the Vienna Exhibition, that will require the Great Eastern to tow it across the ocean, after it has been floated down the Ohio and the Mississippi to the Gulf. It was made in sections in a railroad tunnel, the hogs being driven in by the hundred, and then subjected to hydraulic pressure.

There is a story of a doctor who went to settle in a village out West, and on the first night of his arrival was sent for to attend a sick child. He looked at the little sufferer very attentively, and then delivered this oracular opinion:—"This hyar babe's got the small-pox, and I ain't posted up on pustules. We must approach this case by circular treatment. You give the little cuss this draught. That'll send him into fits. Then send for me. I graduated on fits."

It is not always that a theory can be most clearly elucidated by a practical demonstration. A few days since a party of gentlemen in a Troy (N.Y.) saloon were disputing over the question whether the American system of treating, or the European system of not treating, was preferable. A prolonged argument only proved that the matter could not be proved by talking, and so a practical test was resorted to. First, each man took a drink by himself. Then each man invited a single friend to drink. After that each single friend returned the compliment. And finally each man in the party—there were six of them—asked all the rest to drink. Singularly enough, says a local journal, the result of this apparently fair and impartial test was that not one of the party could tell where the discussion originated, or what it was about.

A Colonial gentleman, who recently made a trip through the United States, thus describes some of the advantages of railway travelling in that happy land:—"The travelling in Pullman's palace sleeping cars was great fun—such a glorious nuzzle night and morning—ladies and gentlemen dressing and undressing in the most promiscuous manner. The former don't seem to care a little bit. One great piece of fun was with a young lady who occupied the top bunk opposite to mine. She called out in the morning to the conductor (a nigger) to fetch the steps; he did not hear her, and I happened to be below stooping down pulling on my boots, when a bootless foot was placed on my back. I was firm. She alighted most gracefully, and apologised for mistaking me for the steps. Of course I could not do otherwise than look pleased, and offer my neck to the yoke whenever she might require it."

We may as well quote a bit of obituary poetry which recently appeared in a Philadelphia newspaper, because nothing more wonderful in the way of rhyme was ever constructed. Here it is:

Our little Sallie did to heaven go,  
Baby life so fleet is,  
She was afflicted with the cerebro-spinal again—  
'Tis hard to lose our Sallie, so gentle;  
But the reflection sweet is,  
That she's gone where there is no cerebro-spinal (meningitis).

A lovelier little bit of elegiac poetry we do not remember to have read, albeit the demise of the infant population is continually calling out that sort of thing.—*New York Tribune*.

## Requisitions and the Ballot.

The *Daily Times* has the following remarks upon the practice of "requisitioning," which forms altogether too prominent a feature in connection with election matters:—

Both the defeated candidates in the recent election of a City Councillor for High Ward, complained that they had not received the amount of support which had been promised them. The ballot draws a veil over matters of this kind, so that it is impossible, even if it were desirable, to get to the bottom of them. We may, however, mention a circumstance which goes a good way towards affording an explanation of the complaint of one at least of the defeated aspirants for municipal honours. It is that those who signed the requisition to one candidate, also signed the requisition to another. How these persons can reconcile it to their consciences to pledge themselves to support each of two rival candidates, we cannot say. We only know that they did so. Possibly they looked upon the signing of the requisitions as a mere matter of form or complaisance, but the circumstance is on that account none the less unsatisfactory, morally considered. Good, however, may come out of this evil, if the result complained of should have the effect of checking the practice of getting up requisitions, which has become so common in Dunedin. This practice is entirely at variance with the principle of the ballot. In fact, to ask a man to sign a requisition of this kind, is to place him in the possible predicament of having to do one of three things which may be alike disagreeable to him—viz., either to refuse to sign; or to sign and give his vote contrary to his better judgment, simply because he has so signed; or to sign for one man and vote for another. Every man who prizes the benefits the ballot confers on him should resent a request to sign a requisition as being a request to him to forego his electoral birth-right. If experience proves that requisitions are only empty and delusive forms they will die a natural death, but this will not come about until a great many pledges have been broken. The same remarks apply, in a large measure, to personal canvassing. Both means of endeavouring to secure support are simply tampering with the votes of the electors—the very thing that the ballot is designed to prevent.

## Plaguuing the Doctors.

Mr Cooke, the miser of Pentonville, as he was called, was a great annoyance to gentlemen of the faculty. He used to put on ragged clothes, and go as a pauper to Mr Saunders and other gentlemen to have gratuitous advice for his eyes; get a letter for the dispensary, and attend there as a decayed tradesman, for several weeks until detected. Having a wound in his leg, he employed a Mr Pigeon, who had lived nearly opposite to him in White Lion-street, Pentonville, to cure it. "How long do you think it will be before you can cure me?" "A month." "And how much must I give you?" Mr Pigeon, who saw the wound was not of any great importance, answered, "a guinea." "Very well," replied Cooke; "but mark this, a guinea is an immense sum of money, and when I agree upon sums of such magnitude I go upon the system of 'no cure no pay,' so, if I am not cured by the expiration of a month, I pay you nothing." This was agreed to. After diligent attention the wound was so near being healed, that Cooke expressed himself satisfied, and would not let Pigeon see it any more. However, within two or three days of the month being completed the old fellow got some sort of plaster with euphorbium on it from a furrier, and made a new wound on the place where the former had been; and sending for Pigeon the last day of the month, showed him that his leg was not well, and that of course the guinea he had agreed for was forfeited. This story the old fellow used to tell of himself with great satisfaction, and call it "Plucking a Pigeon." When on his deathbed he sent for several medical men; some of them would not attend; but among others who went to see him was Mr Aldridge, of Pentonville. At one of the interviews he earnestly entreated Mr Aldridge to tell him candidly how long he thought he might live. The answer was he might probably live six days. Cooke, collecting all his strength, and starting up in bed, exclaimed, "Are you not a dishonest man, a rogue, and a robber, to serve me so?" "How so?" asked Mr Aldridge, with surprise. "Why, sir, you are no better than a pickpocket to go to rob me of my gold by sending in two draughts a day to a man that all your physic will not keep alive six days! Get out of my house, and never come near me again."

## Prince Alfred's Marriage.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh is formally betrothed to a princess of the House of Russia. From the belles that, decking their blushing charms in Canadian furs, surged and raged around him in the eager struggle to touch the hand or lean upon the arm of the darling Prince, to the Sydney girls who forced their way into his bedroom in his absence and stole the hairs from his brush and comb for lack of other memento of the sweet youth; from the South African beauty languishing amid the vineyards of Constantia, to the dusky beauties of Honolulu, whose swarthy charms and hot-blooded hearts paid homage to the Queen's son; from the tiny-footed almond-eyed belle of Tientsin to the Mermaid of New Zealand, there will ascend one long and bitter cry of anguish and dismay at the heart-rending and soul-splitting tidings that the Prince is gone for ever. Under the conjugal guardianship of this Russian bear, no longer dare his eyes speak love to eyes that speak again; and henceforth tied to the uxorial apron-strings he will no more shed the sunshine of his royal countenance on these distant shores, and indulge those little royal pleasures that have so tended to cement the bonds of loyalty between the Colonies and the mother country. The "horrid creature" who has entrapped "dear Alfred" will insist on his residing in Russia until the wellsprings of his affection will be frozen up, and he will forget those fond reminiscences of other and happier days, when roaming according to his royal will he found the whole world of female loveliness prostrate at his feet, proud and happy and yearning to be lifted up by receiving the merest token of his royal favour. We wonder will you tell her Imperial Highness the pleasant little stories of your South Pacific ramblings, and so pleasantly while away the long Russian winter evenings while you rock the cradle like a goodly husband beside your wife knitting little stockings for the little bears.—*Auckland Evening Star*.

## A Romance.

(From the *New York Tribune*.)

Into the arid atmosphere of politics and bread-and-butter sometimes come a bit of romance of melting sweetness. Of such is the story of two lovers and a remorseless father, which, as it has just been told by a Bostonian, must of course be true. Ten years ago a beautiful young Boston girl was sent to the Boston Hills to arrest, if possible, the indications of approaching consumption. She recovered her health, and meantime inflicted a cureless wound upon the heart of an intelligent and well-educated young farmer's son. Unlike Lady Vere de Vere, she did not scorn his timid affection, but returned it heartily, referring him to her father. That traditionally unromantic personage wouldn't hear of it. "Never, never shall a base mechanic wed me child!"

The young man retired, went West, and made a large fortune, and the young woman married the man prescribed by her father. She went to live in France; her husband died in two years, and her parents also dying, she remained abroad. The memory of her first romance faded with her as with its object, who, though unmarried, was too busy in making money for tender thoughts. Last year his business took him to Europe, and one night found him on a little steamer plying between Marseilles and Leghorn. A storm came up, and a lady, who had risen from her seat to go below, was thrown overboard by a sudden lurch of the vessel. The "base mechanic" jumped after, and though in the dark the steamer drifted away from them, they clutched a providential plank and floated until morning, when they were picked up by another vessel. During the night in the cold and the darkness, they discovered in each other the loved and lost of earlier years. The old feeling came back in that fearful hour, and on their arrival at Malta they were married. End of the poetry. The rest is prose.

Secrets are like the measles—they take easy and spread easy.—Advice is like kissing—it don't cost nothing, and is a pleasant thing to do.—If you seek wisdom, my young friend, study men and things; if you desire learning, study dictionaries.—I think opportunities are made full as often as they happen.—Good common sense is as healthy as onions: we often see those who are good, simply because they haint got sense enuff to be bad, and those who are bad just because they haint got sense enuff to be good.—The man who don't know himself is a poor judge of the other fellow.—Trusting to luck is only another name for trusting to lazyness.—*Josh Billings*.

## A Man Among a Million.

We have on one or two occasions been afforded the pleasure of making known instances of honourable feeling displayed in the payment of debts incurred years ago, and which could not now be legally enforced. An instance of this kind has been brought under our notice by Mr J. Newman. About twelve years ago Mr Richard Hudson carried on business at Newmarket, where he failed. He left the Colony, and went to Melbourne, but did not succeed there as well as he could have wished, and six years ago he returned to Auckland. Since then he has been engaged in mining pursuits, and has succeeded so well that he has been able to pay off the whole of his debts, amounting to £750. With the exception of one or two disputed accounts all the claims against him have been satisfied in full. The example set by Mr Hudson is one worthy of imitation, and we trust the hope expressed in his letter will be realised, and that others will be induced to regard debts like other duties as "sacred things to be fulfilled." The creditors of Mr Hudson, who were agreeably surprised at receiving what they had regarded as beyond all hope, gave expressions to their feelings of satisfaction by presenting that gentleman with a handsome testimonial. In acknowledging this gift Mr Hudson wrote:—"To Messrs Thomas Cheeseman, Joseph Newman, and the subscribers to R. Hudson's Testimonial Fund: Gentlemen,—Permit me to thank you most sincerely for the elegant testimonial you have thought proper to present me with in acknowledgment of the liquidation by me of certain old obligations incurred about twelve years ago. When I was first asked to give my consent to such a proposal I replied that on two grounds I should be happy to do so—the first, that to all future generations of my family's name such an heirloom might descend as a worthy inheritance and memento of past times; and second, that possibly some good might result publicly in the way of imitation. For it cannot be esteemed a light thing for any individual or community to be possessed with the conscientious principle that debts, like other duties, are sacred things to be fulfilled and discharged whenever circumstances permit, the benefit of the Act to the contrary notwithstanding. Trusting that such ends may be answered by an action which it gives me great pleasure to perform: and again thanking you for your kind appreciation,—I remain, gentlemen, your obedient servant, RICHD. HUDSON.—*Auckland Evening Star*."

## Mr Birch in Scotland.

The *Guardian* has been furnished with the following extract from a home paper, from which it will be seen that Mr Birch is doing the best he can to make New Zealand known in Scotland:—"Inverurie.—Lecture.—On Tuesday evening Mr Birch delivered an address in the Town Hall here, on the subject of emigration to Otago, Dr Stables, R.N., in the chair. It would really appear from all the lecturer said that New Zealand presented to the enterprising emigrant a field which few other countries can equal and none surpass. With a climate temperate and genial as a Scottish summer, but without its vicissitudes; beautiful scenery, provisions cheap and good, work sure with an average wage of 8s. a day of eight hours, and more than all, 'keat neebours', and British laws; the lecturer's only wonder was, that any man, who was at all wishful to better his condition, could resist the inducements held out by the New Zealand Government. He especially urged young men to go out: if married and blessed with children, so much the better; if not, to marry before they started, and he *did* them not to make money. Scotchmen, he said, were particularly wanted in that Colony; their reliance on self, their natural independence, and solid education made success a certainty. The only bugbear was the sea, and the lecturer, who has travelled in every country and clime, assured his audience that the voyage was altogether pleasant and comfortable, and possessed not a tithe of the dangers of the shorter but stormier passage to America. The address was listened to with marked attention, and at its conclusion Mr Birch was accorded a very hearty vote of thanks."

*Holloway's Ointment and Pills*.—Diseases and casualties incident to youth may be safely treated by the use of these excellent medicines according to the printed directions found round each box and put. This Ointment is not alone applicable to external ailments; conjointly with the Pills it exerts the most salutary influence in checking inflammation in the interior of the body; when rubbed up in the back, chest it gives the most sensible relief in asthma, bronchitis, pleurisy, and threatening consumption. Holloway's remedies are especially serviceable in liver and stomach complaints.

## Dunedin Advertisements

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Engineers, Boilermakers, and Iron-founders.

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Iron Fluming; Ripple and Hopper Plates

Boats and Punts to all sizes

Steam Engines &amp; Boilers

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Plans and Specifications prepared.—Estimates given for every description of Ironwork.

Experienced workmen sent to all parts of the Colony.

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Boilermakers, Engineers, Millwrights, Founders, Blacksmiths, &amp;c.

All kinds of Castings in Brass and Iron.

Steam Engines and Boilers made and repaired.

Overshot, Breast, and Turbine Waterwheels; Quartz-crushing Machinery, Pumping and Wind-ing Gear.

Cast-iron Sluice and Ripple Plates; Sheet-iron Hopper and Sluice Plates, (punched to any size of holes); Gold-dredging Spoons, etc.

Flour-mill Machinery.

All kinds of Reaping, Threshing, Horse-power Machines made and repaired.

Improved Reaping Machines.

K., M'Q. and Co.'s improved Wrought-iron Piping for Fluming and Hydraulic Mining is the best in use, and cheaper than canvas.

Established Twenty Years.

## GEORGE MATTHEWS,

NURSERYMAN,

SEEDSMAN, AND SEED-GROWER,

MORAY PLACE, DUNEDIN,

Begg to intimate that he has constantly on hand

Agricultural and Garden Seeds.

Fruit, Forest, and Ornamental Trees in season

Garden Tools

Pruning Gloves

Flower Pots, &amp;c. &amp;c.

## CALEDONIAN HOTEL.

JAMES HUTTON,

late of the Australasian, is to be found at home at the Caledonian Hotel, and has much pleasure in informing his up-country friends and the public in general that he has taken the above house. Visitors patronising him will find themselves at home.

First-class board and lodging, 13s per week.

All meals; 1s; beds, 1s. Defy competition.

Wines, Spirits, and Ales of the best brands.

Hot, cold, and plunging Baths free.

Good Stabling.—Moderate charges.

## Dunedin

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AND OTHER POEMS.

BY ALAN CLYDE,

AN OTAGO SETTLER.

MILLS, DICK, AND CO., PUBLISHERS.

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ON SALE BY ALL BOOKSELLERS.

## HAWTHORN HILL NURSERY,

DUNEDIN.

The planting season being close at hand, Orders for

FRUIT TREES AND BUSHES

FOREST TREES, HEDGE PLANTS,

should be given without delay, so as to ensure early delivery.

## FRUIT TREES AND BUSHES.

The stock on hand comprises

All the best	Apple	1, 2, 3, and 4
kinds of	Apricot	years old.
	Cherry	
	Nectarine	
	Peach	
	Pear	
	Plum	

Raspberry, red and yellow

Gooseberry, white, green, and red

Currant, black, white, and red

Almond; Black Bramble

Spanish Chestnut; Elder

Eugenia Ugni; Fig

Filberts and Nuts

Mulberry; Olive

Pomegranate; Quince; Walnut.

## FOREST TREES.

Ash, Birch, Blue and Red Gum, Stringy

Bark, Elm, Oak, Lime-tree, Poplar, Hazel,

Sycamore, Laburnum, Horse Chestnut,

Pines, &amp;c. &amp;c.

## GEORGE MATTHEWS,

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Moray Place, Dunedin.

Agent at Cromwell:

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## Patent Medicine

NERVOUSNESS—DEBILITY—LOSS OF POWER—SPERMATORRHOEA—THE INDISCRETIONS OF EARLY YOUTH—SYPHILITIC DISEASES.

In all the above cases, arising from errors and the yielding to the passions, no time should be lost to at once arrest the progress of disease.

## DR L. L. SMITH

has devoted himself for twenty years in the colony to the practice of this branch of his profession, while previously in England he was the pupil of, and practised with, the celebrated Dr R. T. Culverwell, the only medical practitioner who ever exclusively adopted this as the sole branch of his profession.

Dr L. L. Smith hereby informs the public that he is the only legally-qualified medical man in this speciality of his profession; that others advertising are unqualified, and that, therefore, in pretending to be qualified, they are obtaining money under false pretences.

Dr L. L. Smith also warns the public against the quackeries advertised. If the taker of any of these advertised nostrums escape with his life, or his system be not thoroughly and irreparably undermined by them, he may look upon himself as the most fortunate mortal.

Dr L. L. Smith has been applied to by so many unfortunate broken-down young-old-men, utterly crushed in spirit, ruined in body, and filched in pocket, that he deems it a duty to publish this to the world.

Those men and women who have been the victims of unprincipled charlatans frequently seek that recovery which is often beyond Dr Smith's control. When will the public understand that it is to their interest to consult a duly qualified medical man, who has made this his sole study, rather than apply to a number of ignorant impostors, who merely harp and prey upon their pockets and health?

Dr L. Smith has always stated that to warn the public of these quacksands is his chief reason for advertising.

In all cases of nervous debility, lowness of spirits, loss of power, pimples on the forehead, lassitude, inaptitude for business, impotency, drainage from the system, and the various effects of errors of youth, and bloodpoisoning from diseases previously contracted, Dr L. L. Smith invites sufferers to consult him, as he has no hesitation in stating that no medical man, either here or in England, has had the opportunities of practice and extraordinary experience which he has

## Patent Medicines

had. Therefore, those who really desire to be treated by one who is at the head of his profession in this branch of medical practice should lose no time in seeking his advice. Nor should anyone marry without first consulting him.

Private Entrance is in Stephen-street South.

CONSULTATION FEE (by letter) ... L.1.

Medicines forwarded to all the Colonies, so packed as to avoid observation.

Books published by the Doctor can be had on application to him.

The new Consulting Rooms are at 182 COLLINS-STREET EAST, MELBOURNE, Opposite the Melbourne Club, (late the residence of the Governor.)

## THE DOCTOR FOR ALL!

## HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

## Chest Complaints.

No diseases are more frequent, few more dangerous, than affections of the respiratory organs. The first symptoms of catarrh, bronchitis, and influenza may always be radically removed by Holloway's renowned Pills. They quickly remedy any temporary stagnation of blood, relieve any over-gorged veins, moderate the hurried breathing, and enable the lungs to do their office with ease and regularity. These Pills, by their purifying powers, cleanse the blood from all impurities, and fortify the system against consumption, asthma, and similar complaints.

## Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, and Bowels.

From various causes these organs are frequently getting out of order, and require some suitable medicine to regulate them. Holloway's Pills effect this object with wonderful celerity and certainty. They do not distress the system, or weaken the frame; they thoroughly invigorate the digestive organs. They gently excite the stomach and liver, stimulate the kidneys to perform their functions efficiently, and act upon the bowels without griping or any other annoyance. Again, taken an hour before dinner, they cannot be equalled as a "Dinner Pill," as they entirely prevent acidity, flatulency, nausea, and biliousness.

## Windy or Watery Dropsy.

Whoever is afflicted with these complaints should at once have recourse to Holloway's Pills. They act most energetically on the glandular and absorbent system, purify the blood, and impart a vigour which age or other causes may have temporarily taken away. They excite the kidneys to increased activity, and thereby stimulate the absorbents to remove the fluid already collected.

## Disorders Peculiar to Women.

There is no medicine equal to Holloway's Pills for correcting the ailments incidental to females. They may be taken with safety for any irregularity of the system, as they remove all cause of maladies, and so restore, by their grand purifying properties, females of all ages to robust health.

## Influenza, Diphtheria, and Sore Throats.

How all important it is to check the first departure from health! all may do so by taking Holloway's Pills, without risk or restriction. In all diseases affecting the blood, nerves, and muscles, or in cases of fever, sore throat, colds, coughs, asthma, and shortness of breath, the earlier they are taken the better.

## Children's Complaints.

Diseases incidental to children, such as feverish attacks, scarlet fever, measles, and all diseases of the skin, may be immediately checked, and soon cured, by these purifying Pills, which may be reduced to a powder, and given in doses of one, two, or three nightly, according to the age of the sufferer. Holloway's Ointment is soothing, cooling, and healing, and is better adapted than any other remedy for all external ailments.

## Indigestion, Bile, and Sick Headaches.

No organ in the human body is so liable to disorder as the liver, and none is more apt, when neglected, to become seriously diseased. When nausea, flatulency, or acidity on the stomach, warns us that digestion is not proceeding properly, Holloway's Pills regulate every function, give strength to every organ, speedily remove all causes of indigestion, bile, and sick headaches, and effect a permanent cure.

## Lumbago, Rheumatism, and Gout.

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Asthma	Jaundice
Bilious Complaints	Liver Complaints
Blotches on the Skin	Lumbago
Bowel Complaints	Piles
Colics	Rheumatism
Constipation of the Bowels	Retention of Urine
Consumption	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Debility	Sore Throats
Dropsy	Stone and Gravel
Dysentery	Secondary Symptoms
Erysipelas	Tie Doloroux
Female Irregularities	Tumours
Fevers of all kinds	Ulcers
Fits	Veneral Affections
Gout	Worms of all kinds
Headache	Weakness, from whatever cause
Indigestion	&c. &c. &c.

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